

J.N.T.U.H. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD (Autonomous)
5 YEAR INTEGRATED DUAL DEGREE PROGRAM (IDP) (R18)
(Leading to B.Tech. & M.Tech)
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING
(Applicable from the batch admitted during 2021-22 and onwards)

I YEAR**I SEMESTER**

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	BSC	Matrix Algebra and Calculus	3	1	0	4
2	ESC	Programming for Problem Solving	3	0	0	3
3	BSC	Engineering Chemistry	3	1	0	4
4	HSMC	English	2	0	0	2
5	ESC-LC	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	0	0	3	1.5
6	BSC-LC	Engineering Chemistry Lab	0	0	2	1
7	HSMC-LC	English Language and Communication Skills Lab	0	0	2	1
8	ESC-LC	Engineering Workshop Practice	0	0	3	1.5
9	*MC	Induction Program				0
		Total Credits				18

I YEAR**II SEMESTER**

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	BSC	Applied and Multivariable Calculus	3	1	0	4
2	BSC	Applied Physics	3	1	0	4
3	ESC	Network Analysis	3	0	0	3
4	ESC	Engineering Graphics	1	0	3	2.5
5	BSC-LC	Applied Physics Lab	0	0	3	1.5
6	ESC -LC	Network Analysis lab	0	0	2	1
7	ESC	Applied Python Programming Lab	0	1	2	2
		Total Credits				18

Note: The total Credits in I year are to be 36. Two credits are to be allocated for Python Programming (L-0; T-1; P-2) in the first year

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II YEAR**I SEMESTER**

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	ESC	Solid Mechanics & Hydraulic Machines	3	1	0	4
2	PCC-1	Measurements and Instrumentation	3	1	0	4
3	PCC-2	Analog Electronics	3	0	0	3
4	PCC-3	Electrical Machines-I	3	1	0	4
5	PCC-4	Electro Magnetic Fields	3	0	0	3
6	PCC-LC	Electrical Machines Lab-I	0	0	2	1
7	PCC-LC	Analog Electronics Lab	0	0	2	1
8	PCC-LC	Measurements and Instrumentation Lab	0	0	2	1
9	*MC	Constitution of India	2	0	0	0
		Total Credits				21

II YEAR**II SEMESTER**

S.No	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	BSC	Numerical Methods and Complex variables	3	1	0	4
2	PCC-5	Electrical Machines – II	3	1	0	4
3	PCC-6	Digital Electronics	3	0	0	3
4	PCC-7	Control Systems	3	1	0	4
5	PCC-8	Power System-I	3	0	0	3
6	PCC-LC	Digital Electronics Lab	0	0	2	1
7	PCC-LC	Electrical Machines Lab-II	0	0	2	1
8	PCC-LC	Control Systems Lab	0	0	2	1
9	*MC	Environmental Science	2	0	0	0
		Total Credits				21

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**I Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem**

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

MATRIX ALGEBRA AND CALCULUS**Pre-requisites:** Mathematical Knowledge of 12th / intermediate level**Course Objectives:** To learn

- Types of matrices and their properties.
- Concept of a rank of the matrix and applying this concept to know the consistency and solving the system of linear equations.
- Concept of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors and to reduce the quadratic form to canonical form
- Methods of solving the differential equations of first and higher order.
- Geometrical approach to the mean value theorems and their application to the mathematical problems
- Evaluation of surface areas and volumes of revolutions of curves.
- Evaluation of improper integrals using Beta and Gamma functions.

UNIT-I: Matrices

Matrices: Rank of a matrix: Echelon form, Normal form, System of linear equations: solving system of Homogeneous and Non-Homogeneous equations, Gauss-elimination method, LU Decomposition method.

Linear Transformation and Orthogonal Transformation: Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors and their properties, Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of Symmetric, Hermitian, Skew-Symmetric, Skew-Hermitian, Orthogonal and Unitary matrices.

UNIT-II: Diagonalization of a Matrix

Diagonalization of a matrix. Cayley-Hamilton Theorem (without proof), finding inverse and power of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton Theorem. Quadratic forms and Nature of the Quadratic Forms: Reduction of Quadratic form to canonical forms by Orthogonal Transformation.

UNIT-III: Mean value theorems and Beta, Gamma functions

Mean value theorems: Rolle's theorem, Lagrange's Mean value theorem with their Geometrical Interpretation and applications, Cauchy's Mean value Theorem, Taylor's Series. (All theorems without proof).

Applications of definite integrals to evaluate surface areas and volumes of revolutions of curves (Only in Cartesian coordinates), Definition of Improper Integral: Beta and Gamma functions and their applications.

UNIT-IV: First Order ODE

Exact differential equations, converting non-exact equations to exact equations, Linear and Bernoulli's differential equations. Applications: Newton's law of cooling, Law of natural growth and decay, orthogonal trajectories and electrical circuits. First order equations with higher degree: solvable for the differential coefficient, dependent variable and Independent variable.

UNIT-V: Ordinary Linear Differential Equations of Higher Order

Second order linear differential equations with constant coefficients - Non-Homogeneous terms of the type e^{ax} , $\sin ax$, $\cos ax$, polynomials in x , $e^{ax}V(x)$ and $x V(x)$ - method of variation of parameters, Equations reducible to linear ODE with constant coefficients, Legendre's equation, Cauchy-Euler equation. Applications: Electrical circuits.

Text Books

1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010
2. Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.

References

1. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9th Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.
2. N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2008.
3. Ramana B.V., Higher Engineering Mathematics, Tata McGraw Hill New Delhi, 11th Reprint, 2010.

Course outcomes:

After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Write the matrix representation of a set of linear equations and to analyse the solution of the system of equations
- Find the Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors
- Reduce the quadratic form to canonical form using orthogonal transformations.
- Identify whether the given differential equation of first order is exact or not
- Solve higher differential equation and apply the concept of differential equation to real world problems
- Solve the applications on the mean value theorems.
- Evaluate the improper integrals using Beta and Gamma functions.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**I Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING**Pre-requisites:** Nil**Course Objectives:**

- To learn the fundamentals of computers.
- To understand the various steps in Program development.
- To learn the syntax and semantics of C Programming Language.
- To learn the usage of structured programming approach in solving problems.

Course Outcomes:

After learning this course, the student must be able to

- Write algorithms and to draw flowcharts for solving problems.
- Translate the algorithms/flowcharts to programs (in C language).
- Code and test a given logic in C programming language.
- Formulate simple algorithms for arithmetic and logical problems.
- Decompose a problem into functions and to develop modular reusable code.
- Use arrays, pointers, strings and structures to formulate algorithms and programs.
- Searching and sorting problems.

UNIT-I:**INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTERS** – Computer Systems, Computing Environments, Computer Languages, Creating and running programs, Software Development Method, Algorithms, Pseudo code, flow charts, applying the software development method.**INTRODUCTION TO C LANGUAGE** – Background, Simple C programs, Identifiers, Basic data types, Variables, Constants, Input / Output, Operators. Expressions, Precedence and Associativity, Expression Evaluation, Type conversions, Bit wise operators, Statements, Simple C Programming examples.**UNIT-II:****STATEMENTS** – if and switch statements, Repetition statements – while, for, do-while statements, Loop examples, other statements related to looping – break, continue, go to, Simple C Programming examples.**DESIGNING STRUCTURED PROGRAMS-** Functions, basics, user defined functions, inter function communication, Scope, Storage classes-auto, register, static, extern, scope rules, type qualifiers, recursion- recursive functions, Preprocessor commands, example C programs**UNIT-III:****ARRAYS AND STRINGS** – Concepts, using arrays in C, inter function communication, array applications, two – dimensional arrays, multidimensional arrays, C program examples. Concepts, C Strings, String Input / Output functions, arrays of strings, string manipulation functions, string / data conversion, C program examples.**UNIT-IV:****POINTERS** – Introduction (Basic Concepts), Pointers for inter function communication, pointers to pointers, compatibility, memory allocation functions, array of pointers, programming applications, pointers to void, pointers to functions, command –line arguments.**INPUT AND OUTPUT** – Concept of a file, streams, standard input / output functions, formatted input / output functions, text files and binary files, file input / output operations, file status functions (error handling), C program examples.**UNIT-V:****DERIVED TYPES** – Structures – Declaration, definition and initialization of structures, accessing structures, nested structures, arrays of structures, structures and functions, pointers to structures, self referential structures, unions, typedef, bit fields, enumerated types, C programming examples.**SORTING AND SEARCHING** – Selection sort, Bubble sort, Insertion sort, Linear search and Binary search methods.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. C Programming & Data Structures, B.A.Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg, Third Edition, Cengage Learning.
2. Problem Solving and Program Design in C, J.R. Hanly and E.B. Koffman, Fifth Edition, Pearson Education.
3. The C Programming Language, B.W. Kernighan and Dennis M.Ritchie, PHI/Pearson Education

REFERENCES:

1. C for Engineers and Scientists, H.Cheng, Mc.Graw-Hill International Edition
2. Data Structures using C – A. M.Tanenbaum, Y.Langsam, and M.J. Augenstein, Pearson Education / PHI
3. C Programming & Data Structures, P. Dey, M Ghosh R Thereja, Oxford University Press

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**I Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem**

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY**Course Objectives:**

- To bring adaptability to the concepts of chemistry and to acquire the required skills to become a perfect engineer.
- To impart the basic knowledge of atomic, molecular and electronic modifications which makes the student to understand the technology based on them.
- To acquire the knowledge of electrochemistry, corrosion and water treatment which are essential for the Engineers and in industry.
- To acquire the skills pertaining to spectroscopy and to apply them for medical field etc.
- To impart then knowledge of stereochemistry and synthetic aspects useful for understanding reaction pathways

Course Outcomes:

The basic concepts included in this course will help the student to gain:

- The knowledge of atomic, molecular and electronic changes, band theory related to conductivity.
- The required principles and concepts of electrochemistry, corrosion and in understanding the problem of water and its treatments.
- The required skills to get clear concepts on basic spectroscopy and application to medical field etc.
- The knowledge and configurational and conformational analysis of molecules and reaction mechanisms.

UNIT-I:**MOLECULAR STRUCTURE AND THEORIES OF BONDING**

Atomic and Molecular orbitals. Linear Combination of Atomic Orbitals (LCAO), molecular orbitals of diatomic molecules, molecular orbital energy level diagrams of N₂, O₂ and F₂ molecules. π Molecular orbitals of butadiene and benzene.

Crystal Field Theory (CFT): Salient Features of CFT – Crystal Field Splitting of transition metal ion d- orbitals in Tetrahedral, Octahedral and square planar geometries. Band structure of solids and effect of doping on conductance.

UNIT-II:**WATER AND ITS TREATMENT**

Introduction – hardness of water – Causes of hardness . Types of hardness: temporary and permanent. Expression and units of hardness. Estimation of hardness of water by complex metric method. Potable water and its specifications. Steps involved in treatment of water – Disinfection of water by chlorination and ozonization. Boiler feed water and its treatment. Calgon conditioning, Phosphate conditioning and Colloidal conditioning. External treatment of water. Ion exchange process. Desalination of water – Reverse osmosis. Numerical problems.

UNIT-III:**ELECTROCHEMISTRY AND CORROSION**

Electro chemical cells – electrode potential, standard electrode potential, types of electrodes – calomel, Quinhydrone and glass electrode. Nernst equation Determination of pH of a solution by using quinhydrone and glass electrode. Electrochemical series and its applications. Numerical problems. Potentiometric titrations. Batteries – Primary (Lithium cell) and secondary batteries (Lead – acid storage battery and Lithium ion battery).

Causes and effects of corrosion – theories of chemical and electrochemical corrosion – mechanism of electrochemical corrosion. Types of corrosion: Galvanic, water-line and pitting corrosion. Factors affecting rate of corrosion, Corrosion control methods- Cathodic protection – Sacrificial anode and impressed current cathodic methods. Surface coatings – metallic coatings –Methods of coating- Hot dipping, cementation – methods of application. Electroless plating and Electroless plating of Copper.

UNIT-IV:**STEREOCHEMISTRY, REACTION MECHANISM AND SYNTHESIS OF DRUG MOLECULES**

Introduction to representation of 3-dimensional structures, Structural and stereoisomers, configurations, symmetry and chirality. Enantiomers, diastereomers, optical activity and Absolute configuration. Conformation analysis of n-butane.

Substitution reactions: Nucleophilic substitution reactions: Mechanism of S_N1 , S_N2 reactions. Electrophilic and nucleophilic addition reactions: Addition of HBr to propene. Markownikoff and anti Markownikoff's additions. Grignard additions on carbonyl compounds. Elimination reactions: Dehydro halogenation of alkylhalides. Saytzeff rule. Oxidation reactions: Oxidation of alcohols using $KMnO_4$ and chromic acid.

Reduction reactions: reduction of carbonyl compounds using $LiAlH_4$ & $NaBH_4$. Hydroboration of olefins. Structure, synthesis and pharmaceutical applications of Paracetamol and Aspirin.

UNIT-V:**SPECTROSCOPIC TECHNIQUES AND APPLICATIONS**

Principles of electronic spectroscopy: Beer's Lambert's law, numerical problems. Types of electronic excitations. Applications of uv-visible spectroscopy. IR Spectroscopy: Principle, modes of vibrations, selection rules, Force constant, some common organic Functional groups wave no. regions (C-H, NH, OH, -COOH, C=O, C≡N, C=C and C≡C) Applications of IR Spectroscopy, H NMR (NMR Spectroscopy) Principle of NMR spectroscopy Chemical shift, chemical shifts of some common organic protons. Introduction to MRI.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Text book of Engineering Chemistry by Jain & Jain, Dhanpat Rai Publishing company(P)Ltd., New Delhi..
2. Text Book of Engineering Chemistry Shashi Chawla, Dhanpat Rai Publishing company(P)Ltd., New Delhi..

REFERENCES:

1. Physical Chemistry, by P.W. Atkins
2. Engineering Chemistry (NPTEL Web-book), by B.L. Tembe, Kamaluddin and M.S. Krishnan
3. University Chemistry, by B.H. Mahan
4. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, by C.N. Banwell
5. Organic Chemistry: Structure and Function by K.P.C. Volhardt and N.E. Schore, 5th Edition.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**I Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem**

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	2

ENGLISH**INTRODUCTION**

In view of the growing importance of English as a tool for global communication and the consequent emphasis on training students to acquire language skills, the syllabus of English has been designed to develop linguistic, and communicative competencies of Engineering students. In English classes, the focus would be on the skills development in the areas of vocabulary, grammar, reading and writing. For this, the teachers use the prescribed text for detailed study. The students are encouraged to read the texts leading to reading comprehension and different known/unknown passages may be given for practice in the class. The time is utilized for working out the exercises given after each excerpt. Authentic materials of a similar kind, for example, newspaper articles, advertisements, promotional material are used to supplement exercises. *The focus in this syllabus is on skill development in the areas of Vocabulary, Grammar, Reading and Writing Skills and practice of language skills in various contexts.*

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

The course will help students to:

- Improve the language proficiency of students in English with an emphasis on Vocabulary, Grammar, Reading and Writing skills.
- Develop study skills and communication skills in formal and informal situations.
- Equip students to study engineering subjects more effectively and critically using the theoretical and practical components of the syllabus.

Reading Skills**Objectives**

- To develop an awareness in students about the significance of silent reading and comprehension.
- To develop students' ability to guess meanings of words from the context and grasp the overall message of the text, draw inferences, etc.,
- To facilitate the students practice the sub-skills of reading viz., Skimming and Scanning the text, Intensive and Extensive Reading, Reading for Pleasure, Identifying the topic sentence, Inferring lexical and contextual meaning, Recognizing Coherence/Sequencing of Sentences.

☛ **NOTE:** *The students will be trained in reading skills using the prescribed texts for detailed study. They will be tested in reading comprehension of different 'unseen' passages which may be taken from authentic texts, such as magazines/newspaper articles.*

Writing Skills**Objectives:**

- To bring an awareness in the students about the difference between formal and informal writing
- To make students understand sentence structures and variations in process writing
- To develop students' creativity in different disciplines of academic writing

SYLLABUS

The course content / study material is divided into **Five Units**.

UNIT –I:

Chapter entitled '*Presidential Address*' by **Dr. A.P.J. Kalam** from "*Fluency in English– A Coursebook for Engineering Students*" published by Orient BlackSwan, Hyderabad

Vocabulary: The Concept of Word Formation -The Use of Prefixes and Suffixes- Collocations

Grammar: Punctuation - Identifying Common Errors in Writing with reference to Articles.

Reading: Reading and its Importance- Techniques for Effective Reading.

Writing: Sentence Structures -Use of Phrases and Clauses in Sentences- Paragraph Writing - Creating Coherence and Cohesiveness.

UNIT –II:

Chapter entitled *Satya Nadella: Email to Employees on his First Day as CEO* from "*Fluency in English– A Coursebook for Engineering Students*" Published by Orient BlackSwan, Hyderabad.

Vocabulary: Synonyms and Antonyms – Homonyms, Homophones and Homographs

Grammar: Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Noun-Pronoun Agreement – Words with appropriate Prepositions - Phrasal Verbs

Reading: Improving Comprehension Skills – Techniques for Good Comprehension

Writing: Writing Formal Letters – Format - Letter of Complaint and Reply - Letter of Requisition and Reply.

UNIT –III:

Vocabulary: Acquaintance with Phrases from Foreign Languages (Latin/French) with a focus on usage in English

Grammar: Tenses - Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Misplaced Modifiers and Tenses

Reading: Sub-skills of Reading- Skimming and Scanning.

Writing: Job Application with Resume- Writing Introduction and Conclusion - Essay Writing.

UNIT –IV:

Chapter entitled '*Good Manners*' by **J.C. Hill** from *Fluency in English – A Coursebook for Engineering Students*" published by Orient BlackSwan, Hyderabad

Vocabulary: Standard Abbreviations in English – Idioms – One Word Substitutes

Grammar: Subject-Verb Agreement - Redundancies and Clichés in Oral and Written Communication – Sequence of Tenses.

Reading: Comprehension- Intensive Reading and Extensive Reading- Reading Practice – '*If*' by Rudyard Kipling.

Writing: Writing Practices - Information Transfer -Précis Writing.

UNIT –V:

Chapter entitled '*Father Dear Father*' by **Raj Kinger** from *Fluency in English – A Coursebook for Engineering Students*" Published by Orient BlackSwan, Hyderabad

Vocabulary: Technical Vocabulary and their Usage – Indian Colloquial Terms

Grammar: Common Errors in English

Reading: Reading Comprehension-Exercises for Practice.

Writing: Technical Reports- Introduction – Characteristics of a Report – Categories of Reports Formats- Structure of Reports (Manuscript Format) -Types of Reports - Writing a Report.

Note: *Listening and Speaking skills which are given under Unit-6 in AICTE Model Curriculum are covered in the syllabus of ELCS Lab Course.*

- ✎ (Note: As the syllabus of English given in AICTE Model Curriculum-2018 for B.Tech First Year is **Open-ended**, besides following the prescribed textbook, it is required to prepare teaching/learning materials **by the teachers collectively** in the form of handouts based on the needs of the students in their respective colleges for effective teaching/learning in the class.)

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students will be able to:

1. Choose appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures for their oral and written communication.
2. Demonstrate their understanding of the rules of functional grammar.
3. Develop comprehension skills from the known and unknown passages and respond appropriately.
4. Take an active part in drafting paragraphs, letters, essays, abstracts and reports in various contexts
5. Adapt basic proficiency in English

PRESCRIBED TEXTBOOK:

1. ***“Fluency in English – A Course book for Engineering Students”*** by Board of Editors: Hyderabad: Orient Black Swan Pvt. Ltd. 2016. Print.

SUGGESTED READING:

1. *Practical English Usage*. Michael Swan. OUP. 1995.
2. *Remedial English Grammar*. F.T. Wood. Macmillan.2007
3. *Contemporary English Grammar Structures and Composition*. David Green. Macmillan. 2010.
4. *Communication Skills*. Sanjay Kumar and PushpaLata. Oxford University Press. 2011.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**I Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem**

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	1.5

PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING LAB**Pre-requisites:** Programming For Problem Solving**Course Objectives:**

- To learn the fundamentals of computers.
- To understand the various steps in Program development.
- To learn the syntax and semantics of C Programming Language.
- To learn the usage of structured programming approach in solving problems.

Course Outcomes:

After learning this course, the student must be able to

- Write algorithms and to draw flowcharts for solving problems.
- Translate the algorithms/flowcharts to programs (in C language).
- Code and test a given logic in C programming language.
- Formulate simple algorithms for arithmetic and logical problems.
- Decompose a problem into functions and to develop modular reusable code.
- Use arrays, pointers, strings and structures to formulate algorithms and programs.
- Searching and sorting problems.

Week 1:

1. Write a C program to find the sum of individual digits of a positive integer.
2. Fibonacci sequence is defined as follows: the first and second terms in the sequence are 0 and 1. Subsequent terms are found by adding the preceding two terms in the sequence.
3. Write a C program to generate the first n terms of the sequence.
4. Write a C program to generate all the prime numbers between 1 and n, where n is a value supplied by the user.
5. Write a C program to find the roots of a quadratic equation.

Week 2:

6. Write a C program to find the factorial of a given integer.
7. Write a C program to find the GCD (greatest common divisor) of two given integers.
8. Write a C program to solve Towers of Hanoi problem.
9. Write a C program, which takes two integer operands and one operator from the user, performs the operation and then prints the result. (Consider the operators +, -, *, /, % and use Switch Statement)

Week 3:

10. Write a C program to find both the largest and smallest number in a list of integers.
11. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following:
 - i) Addition of Two Matrices
 - ii) Multiplication of Two Matrices

Week 4:

12. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:
 - i) To insert a sub-string in to a given main string from a given position.
 - ii) To delete n Characters from a given position in a given string.
13. Write a C program to determine if the given string is a palindrome or not
14. Write a C program that displays the position or index in the string S where the string T begins, or - 1 if S doesn't contain T.
15. Write a C program to count the lines, words and characters in a given text.

Week 5:

16. Write a C program to generate Pascal's triangle.
17. Write a C program to construct a pyramid of numbers

18. Write a C program to read in two numbers, x and n, and then compute the sum of this geometric progression:
 $1+x+x^2+x^3+\dots+x^n$
 For example: if n is 3 and x is 5, then the program computes $1+5+25+125$.
 Print x, n, the sum
 Perform error checking.
 For example, the formula does not make sense for negative exponents – if n is less than 0.
 Have your program print an error message if $n < 0$, then go back and read in the next pair of numbers of without computing the sum. Are any values of x also illegal ? If so, test for them too.

Week 6:

19. 2's complement of a number is obtained by scanning it from right to left and complementing all the bits after the first appearance of a 1. Thus 2's complement of 11100 is 00100. Write a C program to find the 2's complement of a binary number.
20. Write a C program to convert a Roman numeral to its decimal equivalent.

Week 7:

21. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:
- Reading a complex number
 - Writing a complex number
 - Addition of two complex numbers
 - Multiplication of two complex numbers

(Note: represent complex number using a structure.)

Week 8:

22. . i) Write a C program which copies one file to another.
 ii) Write a C program to reverse the first n characters in a file.
 (Note: The file name and n are specified on the command line.)
23. . i) Write a C program to display the contents of a file.
 ii) Write a C program to merge two files into a third file (i.e., the contents of the first file followed by those of the second are put in the third file)

Week 9:

24. Write a C program that implements the following sorting methods to sort a given list of integers in ascending order
- Bubble sort
 - Selection sort
 - Insertion sort

Week 10:

25. Write C programs that use both recursive and non recursive functions to perform the following searching Operations for a Key value in a given list of integers:
- Linear search
 - Binary search

TEXTBOOKS:

- C Programming & Data Structures, B.A.Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg, Third Edition, Cengage Learning.
- Problem Solving and Program Design in C, J.R. Hanly and E.B. Koffman, Fifth Edition, Pearson Education.
- The C Programming Language, B.W. Kernighan and Dennis M.Ritchie, PHI/Pearson Education

REFERENCES:

- C for Engineers and Scientists, H.Cheng, Mc.Graw-Hill International Edition
- Data Structures using C – A.M.Tanenbaum, Y.Langsam, and M.J. Augenstein, Pearson Education / PHI
- C Programming & Data Structures, P. Dey, M Ghosh R Thereja, Oxford University Press

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**I Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LAB**Course Objectives:**

The chemistry laboratory course consists of experiments related to the principles of chemistry required to the engineering student. The course will make the student to learn:

- Estimation of hardness and chloride content in water to check its suitability for drinking purpose.
- To determine the rate constant of reactions from concentrations as a function of time.
- The measurement of physical properties like adsorption and viscosity.
- To synthesize the drug molecules and check the purity of organic molecules by thin layer chromatographic (TLC) technique.

Course Outcomes:

The experiments included in the chemistry laboratory will make the student to gain the skills on

- Determination of parameters like hardness and chloride content in water.
- Estimation of rate constant of a reaction from concentration – time relationships.
- Determination of physical properties like adsorption and viscosity.
- Calculation of R_f values of some organic molecules by TLC technique.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Determination of total hardness of water by complexometric method using EDTA
2. Determination of chloride content of water by Argentometry
3. Estimation of an HCl by Conductometric titrations
4. Estimation of Acetic acid by Conductometric titrations
5. Estimation of HCl by Potentiometric titrations
6. Estimation of Fe^{2+} by Potentiometry using $KMnO_4$
7. Determination of rate constant of acid catalysed hydrolysis of methyl acetate
8. Synthesis of Aspirin and Paracetamol
9. Thin layer chromatography calculation of R_f values. eg ortho and para nitro phenols
10. Determination of acid value of coconut oil
11. Verification of freundlich adsorption isotherm-adsorption of acetic acid on charcoal
12. Determination of viscosity of castor oil and ground nut oil by using Ostwald's viscometer.
13. Determination of partition coefficient of acetic acid between n-butanol and water.
14. Determination of surface tension of a give liquid using stalagmometer.

REFERENCES:

1. Senior practical physical chemistry, B.D. Khosla, A. Gulati and V. Garg (R. Chand & Co., Delhi)
2. An introduction to practical chemistry, K.K. Sharma and D. S. Sharma (Vikas publishing, N. Delhi)
3. Vogel's text book of practical organic chemistry 5th edition
4. Text book on Experiments and calculations in Engineering chemistry – S.S. Dara

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**I Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND COMMUNICATION SKILLS LAB

The **English Language and Communication Skills (ELCS) Lab** focuses on the production and practice of sounds of language and familiarizes the students with the use of English in everyday situations both in formal and informal contexts.

Course Objectives:

- To facilitate computer-assisted multi-media instruction enabling individualized and independent language learning
- To sensitize the students to the nuances of English speech sounds, word accent, intonation and rhythm
- To bring about a consistent accent and intelligibility in students' pronunciation of English by providing an opportunity for practice in speaking
- To improve the fluency of students in spoken English and neutralize their mother tongue influence
- To train students to use language appropriately for public speaking, group discussions and interviews

Course outcomes:

Students will be able to:

- Understand the nuances of English language through audio- visual experience and group activities
- Neutralize their accent for intelligibility
- Speak with clarity and confidence which in turn enhances their employability skills

Syllabus: English Language and Communication Skills Lab (ELCS) shall have two parts:

- Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL) Lab
- Interactive Communication Skills (ICS) Lab

Listening Skills:**Objectives**

1. To enable students develop their listening skills so that they may appreciate the role in the LSRW skills approach to language and improve their pronunciation
2. To equip students with necessary training in listening, so that they can comprehend the speech of people of different backgrounds and regions

Students should be given practice in listening to the sounds of the language, to be able to recognize them and find the distinction between different sounds, to be able to mark stress and recognize and use the right intonation in sentences.

- Listening for general content
- Listening to fill up information
- Intensive listening
- Listening for specific information

Speaking Skills:**Objectives**

1. To involve students in speaking activities in various contexts
 2. To enable students express themselves fluently and appropriately in social and professional contexts
- Oral practice
 - Describing objects/situations/people
 - Role play – Individual/Group activities
 - Just A Minute (JAM) Sessions

The following course content is prescribed for the **English Language and Communication Skills Lab**.

Exercise – I**CALL Lab:**

Understand: Listening Skill- Its importance – Purpose- Process- Types- Barriers- Effective Listening.

Practice: Introduction to Phonetics – Speech Sounds – Vowels and Consonants – Minimal Pairs- Consonant Clusters- Past Tense Marker and Plural Marker- *Testing Exercises*

ICS Lab:

Understand: Spoken vs. Written language- Formal and Informal English.

Practice: Ice-Breaking Activity and JAM Session- Situational Dialogues – Greetings – Taking Leave – Introducing Oneself and Others.

Exercise – II**CALL Lab:**

Understand: Structure of Syllables – Word Stress– Weak Forms and Strong Forms – Sentence Stress – Intonation.

Practice: Basic Rules of Word Accent - Stress Shift - Weak Forms and Strong Forms- Sentence Stress – Intonation - *Testing Exercises*

ICS Lab:

Understand: Features of Good Conversation – Strategies for Effective Communication.

Practice: Situational Dialogues – Role-Play- Expressions in Various Situations –Making Requests and Seeking Permissions - Telephone Etiquette.

Exercise - III**CALL Lab:**

Understand: Errors in Pronunciation-the Interference of Mother Tongue (MTI).

Practice: Common Indian Variants in Pronunciation – Differences between British and American Pronunciation - *Testing Exercises*

ICS Lab:

Understand: Descriptions- Narrations- Giving Directions and Guidelines.

Practice: Giving Instructions – Seeking Clarifications – Asking for and Giving Directions – Thanking and Responding – Agreeing and Disagreeing – Seeking and Giving Advice – Making Suggestions.

Exercise – IV**CALL Lab:**

Understand: Listening for General Details.

Practice: Listening Comprehension Tests - *Testing Exercises*

ICS Lab:

Understand: Public Speaking – Exposure to Structured Talks - Non-verbal Communication- Presentation Skills.

Practice: Making a Short Speech – Extempore- Making a Presentation.

Exercise – V**CALL Lab:**

Understand: Listening for Specific Details.

Practice: Listening Comprehension Tests -*Testing Exercises*

ICS Lab:

Understand: Group Discussion

Practice: Group Discussion

Minimum Requirement of infrastructural facilities for ELCS Lab:**1. Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL) Lab:**

The Computer Assisted Language Learning Lab has to accommodate 40 students with 40 systems, with one Master Console, LAN facility and English language learning software for self- study by students.

System Requirement (Hardware component):

Computer network with LAN facility (minimum 40 systems with multimedia) with the following specifications:

- i) Computers with Suitable Configuration
- ii) High Fidelity Headphones

2. Interactive Communication Skills (ICS) Lab :

The Interactive Communication Skills Lab: A Spacious room with movable chairs and audio-visual aids with a Public Address System, a T. V. or LCD, a digital stereo –audio & video system and camcorder etc.

Suggested Software:

- ❖ Cambridge Advanced Learners' English Dictionary with CD.
- ❖ Grammar Made Easy by Darling Kindersley.
- ❖ Punctuation Made Easy by Darling Kindersley.
- ❖ Oxford Advanced Learner's Compass, 8th Edition.
- ❖ English in Mind (Series 1-4), Herbert Puchta and Jeff Stranks with Meredith Levy, Cambridge.
- ❖ English Pronunciation in Use (Elementary, Intermediate, Advanced) Cambridge University Press.
- ❖ English Vocabulary in Use (Elementary, Intermediate, Advanced) Cambridge University Press.
- ❖ TOEFL & GRE (KAPLAN, AARCO & BARRONS, USA, Cracking GRE by CLIFFS).

REFERENCES:

1. Suzanna, R. *A Practical Course in English Pronunciation (with CD)*. McGraw Hill Education. 2017. Print.
2. *Exercises in Spoken English*. Part 1, 2 and 3. CIEFL. Oxford University Press, 1997. Print.
3. Hancock, M. *English Pronunciation in Use. Intermediate Cambridge*: Cambridge University Press. 2009. Print.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**I Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem**

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ENGINEERING WORKSHOP PRACTICE**Pre-requisites:** Practical skill**Course Objectives:**

The objectives of this course is to acquire knowledge on the

- To impart hands-on practice on Carpentry trade and skills.
- To impart hands-on practice on Fitting trade and skills
- To impart hands-on practice on Black Smithy trade and skills
- To impart hands-on practice on House Wiring trade and skills
- To impart hands-on practice on Tin Smithy trade and skills
- To impart hands-on practice on Plumbing trade and skills

Note: At least two exercises to be done from each trade.

A. Carpentry

1. T-Lap Joint
2. Cross Lap Joint
3. Dovetail Joint

B. Fitting

1. Vee Fit
2. Square Fit
3. Half Round Fit

C. Black Smithy

1. Round rod to Square
2. S-Hook
3. Round Rod to Flat Ring

D. House Wiring

1. Parallel / Series Connection of three bulbs
2. Stair Case wiring
3. Florescent Lamp Fitting

E. Tin Smithy

1. Taper Tray
2. Open Scoop
3. Funnel

F. Plumbing

1. Coupling Joint
2. Elbow Joint
3. T Joint

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Workshop Practice by B.L.Juneja Cengage Learning
2. Elements of Workshop Technology–S. K.Hajra Choudhury and A. K. Hajra Choudhury.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**I Year B.Tech. EEE II-Sem**

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

APPLIED AND MULTIVARIABLE CALCULUS

(Common to all Branches)

Pre-requisites: Mathematical Knowledge of 12th / Intermediate level**Course Objectives:** To learn

- Methods of solving the differential equations of first and higher order.
- Evaluation of multiple integrals and their applications
- The physical quantities involved in engineering field related to vector valued functions
- The basic properties of vector valued functions and their applications to line, surface and volume integrals

Course outcomes:

After learning the contents of this paper, the student must be able to

- Identify whether the given differential equation of first order is exact or not
- Solve higher differential equation and apply the concept of differential equation to real world problems
- Evaluate the multiple integrals and apply the concept to find areas, volumes, centre of mass and gravity for cubes, sphere and rectangular parallel piped
- Evaluate the line, surface and volume integrals and converting them from one to another

UNIT-I:**FIRST ORDER ODE**

Exact, linear and Bernoulli's equations; Applications: Newton's law of cooling, Law of natural growth and decay; Equations not of first degree: equations solvable for p, equations solvable for y, equations solvable for x and Clairaut's type.

UNIT-II:**ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS OF HIGHER ORDER**

Second order linear differential equations with constant coefficients: Non-Homogeneous terms of the type e^{ax} , $\sin ax$, $\cos ax$, polynomials in x , $e^{ax}V(x)$ and $xV(x)$; method of variation of parameters; Equations reducible to linear ODE with constant coefficients: Legendre's equation, Cauchy-Euler equation.

UNIT-III:**MULTIVARIABLE CALCULUS (INTEGRATION)**

Evaluation of Double Integrals (Cartesian and polar coordinates); change of order of integration (only Cartesian form); Evaluation of Triple Integrals: Change of variables (Cartesian to polar) for double and (Cartesian to Spherical and Cylindrical polar coordinates) for triple integrals.

Applications: Areas (by double integrals) and volumes (by double integrals and triple integrals), Centre of mass and Gravity (constant and variable densities) by double and triple integrals (applications involving cubes, sphere and rectangular parallel piped).

UNIT-IV:**VECTOR DIFFERENTIATION**

Vector point functions and scalar point functions. Gradient, Divergence and Curl. Directional derivatives, Tangent plane and normal line. Vector Identities. Scalar potential functions. Solenoidal and Irrotational vectors.

UNIT-V:**VECTOR INTEGRATION**

Line, Surface and Volume Integrals. Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes (without proofs) and their applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010
2. Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006

REFERENCES:

1. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9th Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002
2. Paras Ram, Engineering Mathematics, 2nd Edition, CBS Publishes
3. S. L. Ross, Differential Equations, 3rd Ed., Wiley India, 1984.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**I Year B.Tech. EEE II-Sem**

L	T	P	C
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APPLIED PHYSICS**Course Objectives:**

The course enables the student to understand:

- Basic concepts of quantum physics required to deal with behavior of particles and waves.
- Carrier concentration and recombination process of semiconductor materials.
- Basic lasing action, various types of lasers and to learn fundamental concepts of Optical fibers.
- Various polarization mechanisms in dielectric materials and explore the different types of magnetic materials.
- The unique properties of Superconductors.

Course Outcomes:

The student should be able to gain the knowledge on:

- Wave particle duality and quantization of energy levels.
- Fundamentals concepts of semiconductor technology.
- Principles of Lasers and their categorization and properties and categorization of Optical fibers.
- Characteristics of dielectric and magnetic materials.
- Various types of superconductors and their transport properties.

UNIT-I:**QUANTUM MECHANICS**

Introduction to quantum physics, Black body radiation, Planck's law, photoelectric effect, Compton effect, wave-particle duality, de Broglie hypothesis, Davisson and Germer experiment, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle, Born's interpretation of the wave function, Schrodinger's time independent wave equation, particle in one dimensional potential box, potential barrier-tunneling effect.

UNIT-II:**SEMICONDUCTOR PHYSICS**

Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors: Estimation of carrier-concentration, Dependence of Fermi level on carrier-concentration and variation with temperature, Carrier generation and recombination, Carrier transport: diffusion and drift, Hall Effect, p-n junction diode: I-V Characteristics, Zener diode: I-V Characteristics, Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT): Construction, Principle of operation and characteristics.

UNIT- III:**LASERS AND FIBRE OPTICS**

Lasers: Introduction, Laser Beam Characteristics, Interaction of light with matter and the three Quantum Processes, Einstein Coefficients and their relations, Light Amplification, Components of Laser, Three requirements for Lasing Action, Pumping Methods, Types of Lasers: Ruby Laser, He-Ne Laser, Semiconductor Laser, Applications of laser.

Fiber Optics: Introduction to Optical Fiber, Total Internal Reflection, Construction of optical fiber, Acceptance angle - Numerical Aperture, classification based on materials, Refractive index profile and mode propagation, Losses in Optical Fiber, Fiber Optic Communication System, Merits of Optical Fibers, Applications.

UNIT-IV:**DIELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC MATERIALS**

Dielectrics: Introduction, Basic definitions: Electric field, Electric flux density, Dielectric Constant, Polarization vector, Electric susceptibility, Polarizability, Relation between polarizability, susceptibility and dielectric constant, Effect of dielectric on the behavior of a capacitor, Calculation of polarizabilities: Electronic, Ionic and Orientation Polarizations, Internal fields in a solid - Clausius-Mossotti relation, Piezoelectrics, Ferroelectrics and Pyroelectric materials. Magnetism: Introduction, Bohr magneton, classification of Dia, Para and Ferro magnetic

materials on the basis of magnetic moment, Hysteresis curve based on domain theory, Soft and hard magnetic materials, Properties of anti-Ferro and ferri magnetic materials, magneto electrics, multi ferroics.

UNIT-V:**SUPERCONDUCTIVITY**

Introduction to Superconductivity, Low T_C superconductors, Properties of Superconductors: Zero electrical resistance, Persistent current, Critical temperature, Critical magnetic field, Critical current density, Perfect diamagnetism-Meissner effect, London penetration depth, Flux quantization, Entropy, Heat capacity, Isotope effect, Type-I and Type-II Superconductors, BCS Theory, Josephson Effect, High T_C Superconductors, Applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Principles of Physics, Jearl Walker, David Halliday and Robert Resnick-Wiley publications.
2. Engineering Physics, B.K. Pandey, S. Chaturvedi – Cengage Learning.
3. A text book of Engineering Physics, Dr. M. N Avadhanulu, Dr. P.G. Kshirsagar- S. Chand.

REFERENCES:

1. Engineering Physics, R. K. Gaur - S.L. Gupta, Dhanpat Rai & Sons
2. J. Singh, Semiconductor Optoelectronics: Physics and Technology, Mc Graw-Hill inc. (1995).
3. Introduction to Solid State Physics by Charles Kittel, Wiley student edition.
4. S.M. Sze, Semiconductor Devices: Physics and Technology, Wiley (2008).

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**I Year B.Tech. EEE II-Sem**

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3	0	0	3

NETWORK ANALYSIS**Prerequisite:** Applied and Multivariable Calculus**Course Objectives:**

- To understand the basic concepts of DC and AC circuits
- To understand the concepts of Magnetic Circuits and Three phase circuits.
- To analyze the transient responses in Electrical circuits.
- To evaluate Network parameters of Electrical networks.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- Apply network theorems for the analysis of electrical circuits.
- Obtain the transient and steady-state response of electrical circuits.
- Analyze circuits in the sinusoidal steady-state (single-phase and three-phase).
- Analyze two port circuit behavior.

UNIT-I:**D.C. CIRCUITS**

Electrical circuit elements (R, L and C), voltage and current sources, KVL&KCL, analysis of electrical circuits with dc excitation. Analysis with dependent current and voltage sources. Node and Mesh Analysis. Concept of duality and dual networks.

A.C. CIRCUITS

Representation of sinusoidal waveforms, peak and rms values, phasor representation, real power, reactive power, apparent power, power factor, Analysis of single-phase ac circuits consisting of R, L, C, RL, RC, RLC combinations (series and parallel), series and parallel resonances.

UNIT-II:**MAGNETIC CIRCUITS & THREE PHASE CIRCUITS**

Self and Mutual Inductances, Mutual coupled circuits, Dot Convention in coupled circuits, Ideal Transformer. Three-phase circuits and Power Measurements.

NETWORK THEOREMS

Thevenin's theorem, Norton's theorem, Superposition theorem, Maximum power transfer theorem, Reciprocity theorem, Compensation theorem, Tellegan's theorem, Milliman's Theorem (with DC and AC excitation)

UNIT-III:**TIME-DOMAIN ANALYSIS OF ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS**

Solution of first and second order differential equations for Series and parallel R-L, R-C, RL-C circuits, initial and final conditions in network elements, forced and free response, time constants, steady state and transient state response for DC and AC Excitations.

UNIT-IV:**ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ANALYSIS USING LAPLACE TRANSFORMS**

Review of Laplace Transform, Analysis of electrical circuits using Laplace Transform for standard inputs, convolution integral, inverse Laplace transform, transformed network with initial conditions. Transfer function representation. Poles and Zeros. Frequency response (magnitude and phase plots),

UNIT-V:**TWO PORT NETWORKS**

Two Port Networks, terminal pairs, relationship of two port variables, impedance parameters, admittance parameters, transmission parameters and hybrid parameters, interconnections of two port networks.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. M. E. Van Valkenburg/T.S.Rathore, "Network Analysis", Pearson, 2019.
2. Network Analysis by N C Jagan and C Lakshminarayana , BS Publications, 2015

REFERENCES:

1. D. Roy Choudhury, "Networks and Systems", New Age International Publications, 1998.
2. W. H. Hayt and J. E. Kemmerly, "Engineering Circuit Analysis", McGraw Hill Education, 2013.
3. C. K. Alexander and M. N. O. Sadiku, "Electric Circuits", McGraw Hill Education, 2004.
4. K. V. V. Murthy and M. S. Kamath, "Basic Circuit Analysis", Jaico Publishers, 1999.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD
I Year B.Tech. EEE II-Sem

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ENGINEERING GRAPHICS

Prerequisite: Nil

Course objectives:

- To provide basic concepts in engineering drawing
- To impart knowledge about standard principles of orthographic projection of objects
- To draw sectional views and pictorial views of solids

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Prepare working drawings to communicate the ideas and information.
- Read, understand and interpret engineering drawings.

UNIT-I:

INTRODUCTION TO ENGINEERING DRAWING:

Principles of Engineering Graphics and their Significance, Conic Sections including the Rectangular Hyperbola – General method only. Cycloid, Epicycloid and Hypocycloid, Involute. Scales – Plain, Diagonal and Vernier Scales.

UNIT-II:

ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTIONS:

Principles of Orthographic Projections – Conventions – Projections of Points and Lines, Projections of Plane regular geometric figures. —Auxiliary Planes.

UNIT-III:

Projections of Regular Solids – Auxiliary Views.

UNIT-IV:

Sections or Sectional views of Right Regular Solids – Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid, Cone – Auxiliary views – Sections of Sphere. Development of Surfaces of Right Regular Solids – Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid and Cone

UNIT-V:

ISOMETRIC PROJECTIONS:

Principles of Isometric Projection – Isometric Scale – Isometric Views – Conventions – Isometric Views of Lines, Plane Figures, Simple and Compound Solids – Isometric Projection of objects having non- isometric lines. Isometric Projection of Spherical Parts. Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views and Vice-versa – Conventions Auto CAD: Basic principles only

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Engineering Drawing by N.D. Bhatt, Charotar
2. Engineering Drawing and Graphics by Rane and Shah, Pearson Edu.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. A Text Book of Engineering Drawing by Dhawan R K, S. Chand
2. Engineering Graphics with Auto CAD by James D Bethune, Pearson Edu.
3. Engineering Graphics by K R Mohan, Dhanpat Rai.
4. Text book on Engineering Drawingby KL Narayana, P Kannaih, Scitech

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**I Year B.Tech. EEE II-Sem**

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APPLIED PHYSICS LAB**Course Objectives:**

The course enables the students to understand:

- The band concept of semiconductors, characterization of solar cell and LED.
- The magnetic field strength along the axis of a electromagnet and to study the Hall Effect.
- The Photoelectric effect and characterization of Lasers and Optical fibers.
- Resonance due to electrical waves and time constant of RC circuit.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course students will be able to:

- Gain the knowledge on photo electronic devices such as semiconductors, solar cells and LED.
- Understand the magnetic properties of electromagnets and combined effect of electric field and magnetic field on a semiconductor.
- Understand the phenomena of photoelectric effect and principles of Lasers and Optical fibers.
- Observe Resonance phenomena due to electrical waves using LCR circuits and to study the time constant of RC circuits using different resistor and capacitor combinations.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Energy gap of P-N junction diode: Determination of energy gap of a semiconductor diode.
2. Solar Cell: V-I Characteristics of solar cell.
3. Light emitting diode: V-I and P-I characteristics of light emitting diode.
4. Stewart – Gee's experiment: Determination of magnetic field along the axis of a currentcarrying coil.
5. Hall Effect: Determination of Hall co-efficient of a given semiconductor.
6. Photoelectric effect: Determination of work function of a given material.
7. LASER: Characteristics of LASER sources.
8. Optical fiber: Determination of the bending losses of Optical fibers.
9. LCR Circuit: Quality factor of LCR Circuit.
10. R-C Circuit: Time constant of R-C circuit.
11. BJT: Characteristics of NPN transistor.
12. Zener diode: To study the V-I Characteristics, zener effect - doping concentration

Note: Any 8 experiments are to be performed by each student

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**I Year B.Tech. EEE II-Sem**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

NETWORK ANALYSIS LAB**Prerequisite:** Network Analysis**Course Objectives:**

- To design electrical systems
- To analyze a given network by applying various Network Theorems
- To measure three phase Active and Reactive power.
- To understand the locus diagrams

Course Outcomes:

After completion of this lab the students will be able to

- Analyze complex DC and AC linear circuits
- Apply concepts of electrical circuits across engineering
- Evaluate response in a given network by using theorems

The following experiments are required to be conducted as compulsory

1. Verification of Thevenin's and Norton's Theorems
2. Verification of Superposition, Reciprocity and Maximum Power Transfer theorems
3. To draw the locus Diagrams of RL and RC Series Circuits
4. Verification of Series and Parallel Resonance
5. Determination of Time response of first order RC / RL circuit for periodic non – sinusoidal inputs – Time constant and Steady state error.
6. Determination of Two port network parameters – Z & Y parameters,
7. Determination of Two port network parameters – A, B, C, D & Hybrid parameters,
8. Determination of Co-efficient of Coupling and Separation of Self and Mutual inductance in a Coupled Circuit.

In addition to the above eight experiments, at least any two of the experiments from the following list are required to be conducted

9. Verification of compensation & Milliman's theorems
10. Harmonic Analysis of non-sinusoidal waveform signals using Harmonic Analyzer and plotting frequency spectrum.
11. Determination of form factor for non-sinusoidal waveform
12. Measurement of Active Power for Star and Delta connected balanced loads
13. Measurement of Reactive Power for Star and Delta connected balanced loads

TEXT BOOKS:

1. M. E. Van Valkenburg/T.S.Rathore, "Network Analysis", Pearson, 2019.
2. Network Analysis by N C Jagan and C Lakshminarayana , BS Publications, 2015

REFERENCES:

1. D. Roy Choudhury, "Networks and Systems", New Age International Publications, 1998.
2. W. H. Hayt and J. E. Kemmerly, "Engineering Circuit Analysis", McGraw Hill Education, 2013.
3. C. K. Alexander and M. N. O. Sadiku, "Electric Circuits", McGraw Hill Education, 2004.
4. K. V. V. Murthy and M. S. Kamath, "Basic Circuit Analysis", Jaico Publishers, 1999.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. EEE II-Sem

L	T	P	C
0	1	2	2

APPLIED PYTHON PROGRAMMING LAB

Cycle - 1

1. **Downloading and Installing Python and Modules**
 - a) **Python 3 on Linux**
Follow the instructions given in the URL <https://docs.python-guide.org/starting/install3/linux/>
 - b) **Python 3 on Windows**
Follow the instructions given in the URL <https://docs.python.org/3/using/windows.html>
(Please remember that Windows installation of Python is harder!)
 - c) **pip3 on Windows and Linux**
Install the Python package installer by following the instructions given in the URL <https://www.activestate.com/resources/quick-reads/how-to-install-and-use-pip3/>
 - d) **Installing numpy and scipy**
You can install any python3 package using the command `pip3 install <packagename>`
 - e) **Installing jupyterlab**
Install from pip using the command `pip install jupyterlab`
2. **Introduction to Python3**
 - a) Printing your biodata on the screen
 - b) Printing all the primes less than a given number
 - c) Finding all the factors of a number and show whether it is a *perfect* number, i.e., the sum of all its factors (excluding the number itself) is equal to the number itself
3. **Defining and Using Functions**
 - a) Write a function to read data from a file and display it on the screen
 - b) Define a boolean function *is palindrome*(<input>)
 - c) Write a function *collatz*(*x*) which does the following: if *x* is odd, $x = 3x + 1$; if *x* is even, then $x = x/2$. Return the number of steps it takes for $x = 1$
 - d) Write a function $N(m, s) = \exp(-(x-m)^2/(2s^2))/\sqrt{2\pi}s$ that computes the Normal distribution
4. **The package numpy**
 - a) Creating a matrix of given order $m \times n$ containing *random numbers* in the range 1 to 99999
 - b) Write a program that adds, subtracts and multiplies two matrices. Provide an interface such that, based on the prompt, the function (addition, subtraction, multiplication) should be performed
 - c) Write a program to solve a system of n linear equations in n variables using matrix inverse
5. **The package scipy and pyplot**
 - a) Finding if two sets of data have the same *mean* value
 - b) Plotting data read from a file
 - c) Fitting a function through a set of data points using *polyfit* function
 - d) Plotting a histogram of a given data set
6. **The strings package**
 - a) Read text from a file and print the number of lines, words and characters
 - b) Read text from a file and return a list of all n letter words beginning with a vowel
 - c) Finding a secret message hidden in a paragraph of text
 - d) Plot a histogram of words according to their length from text read from a file

Cycle -2

7. Installing OS on Raspberry Pi
 - a) Installation using PiImager
 - b) Installation using image file
 - Downloading an Image
 - Writing the image to an SD card
 - using Linux
 - using Windows
 - Booting up

Follow the instructions given in the URL

<https://www.raspberrypi.com/documentation/computers/getting-started.html>

8. Accessing GPIO pins using Python
 - a) Installing GPIO Zero library.
First, update your repositories list:
sudo apt update
Then install the package for Python 3:
sudo apt install python3-gpiozero
 - b) Blinking an LED connected to one of the GPIO pin
 - c) Adjusting the brightness of an LED

Adjust the brightness of an LED (0 to 100, where 100 means maximum brightness) using the in-built PWM wavelength.

9. Collecting Sensor Data
 - a) DHT Sensor interface
 - Connect the terminals of DHT GPIO pins of Raspberry Pi.
 - Import the DHT library using ***import Adafruit_DHT***
 - Read sensor data and display it on screen.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**II Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem**

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3	1	0	4

SOLID MECHANICS & HYDRAULIC MACHINES**Pre-Requisites:** Nil**Course Objectives:**

During this course, students should develop the ability to:

- Identify an appropriate structural system and work comfortably with basic engineering mechanics concepts to study in a given problem and isolate it from its environment.
- Identify and model various types of loading and support conditions that act on structural systems.
- Understand the meaning of centers of gravity (mass)/centroids and moments of Inertia
- Acquire the knowledge on the rigid body dynamics and comprehend all problems in an organized and coherent manner
- To Study the characteristics of hydroelectric power plant and its components.
- To analyze and design of hydraulic machinery and its modeling

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course the student will able to

- Solve problems dealing with forces in a plane or in space and equivalent force Systems.
- Solve beam and cable problems and understand distributed force systems.
- Solve friction problems and determine moments of Inertia and centroid of practical shapes
- Apply knowledge of mechanics in addressing problems in hydraulic machinery.
- Get the knowledge on different hydraulic machinery devices and its principles that will be utilized in Hydropower development and for other practical usages

UNIT-I:**INTRODUCTION OF ENGINEERING MECHANICS**

Basic concepts of System of Forces-Coplanar Forces-Components in Space-Resultant- Moment of Forces and its Application – Couples and Resultant of Force System-Equilibrium of System of Forces-Free body diagrams-Direction of Force Equations of Equilibrium of Coplanar Systems and Spatial Systems – Vector cross product- Support reactions different beams for different types of loading – concentrated, uniformly distributed and uniformly varying loading. Types of friction – Limiting friction – Laws of Friction – static and Dynamic Frictions – Angle of Friction –Cone of limiting friction

UNIT-II:**CENTROID AND CENTER OF GRAVITY**

Centroids – Theorem of Pappus- Centroids of Composite figures – Centre of Gravity of Bodies – Area moment of Inertia:–polar Moment of Inertia–Transfer–Theorems - Moments of Inertia of Composite Figures.

SIMPLE STRESSES AND STRAINS ANALYSIS:

Concept of stress and strain- St. Venant's Principle-Stress and Strain Diagram - Elasticity and plasticity – Types of stresses and strains- Hooke's law – stress – strain diagram for mild steel – Working stress – Factor of safety – Lateral strain, Poisson's ratio and volumetric strain – Pure shear and Complementary shear - Elastic moduli, Elastic constants and the relationship between them

UNIT-III:**KINEMATICS & KINETICS**

Introduction – Rectilinear motion – Motion with uniform and variable acceleration–Curvilinear motion– Components of motion– Circular motion

Kinetics of a particle – D'Alembert's principle – Motion in a curved path – work, energy and power. Principle of conservation of energy – Kinetics of a rigid body in translation, rotation – work done – Principle of work-energy – Impulse-momentum.

UNIT-IV:**BASICS OF HYDRAULIC MACHINERY**

Hydrodynamic force of jets on stationary and moving flat, inclined and curved vanes, Jet striking centrally and at tip, Velocity triangles at inlet and outlet, expressions for work done and efficiency Elements of a typical Hydropower installation – Heads and efficiencies –

UNIT-V:**TURBINES & PUMPS**

Classification of turbines – Pelton wheel – Francis turbine – Kaplan turbine – working, working proportions, velocity diagram, work done and efficiency, hydraulic design. Draft tube – Classification, functions and efficiency. Governing of turbines, Performance of turbines

Pump installation details – classification – work done – Manometric head – minimum starting speed – losses and efficiencies – specific speed. Multistage pumps – pumps in parallel

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Engineering Mechanics by M.V. Seshagirirao and Durgaih; University Press.
2. Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machinery by P.N modi & Seth standard Book House
3. Engineering Mechanics – B. Bhattacharya - Oxford University Publications.

REFERENCES:

1. Engineering Mechanics (Statics and Dynamics) by Hibbler; Pearson Education.
2. Engineering Mechanics by Fedrinand L. Singer – Harper Collings Publishers.
3. Engineering Mechanics by A.K.Tayal, Umesh Publication.
4. Fluid mechanics & Hydraulic Machines, Domkundwar & Domkundwar Dhanpat Rai & C
5. Fluid Mechanics by R.C.Hibbeler, Pearson India Education Service Pvt. Ltd
6. Fluid Mechanic & Fluid Power Engineering by D.S.Kumar (Kataria & Sons Publications Pvt. Ltd.).
7. Hydraulic Machines by Banga & Sharma (Khanna Publishers).

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**II Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem**

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MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION**Pre-requisite:** Network Analysis, Analog Electronics, Electro Magnetic fields**Course objectives:**

- To introduce the basic principles of all measuring instruments
- To deal with the measurement of voltage, current, Power factor, power, energy and magnetic measurements.
- To understand the basic concepts of smart and digital metering.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

- Understand different types of measuring instruments, their construction, operation and characteristics
- Identify the instruments suitable for typical measurements
- Apply the knowledge about transducers and instrument transformers to use them effectively.
- Apply the knowledge of smart and digital metering for industrial applications

UNIT-I:**INTRODUCTION TO MEASURING INSTRUMENTS**

Classification – deflecting, control and damping torques – Ammeters and Voltmeters – PMMC, moving iron type instruments – expression for the deflecting torque and control torque – Errors and compensations, extension of range using shunts and series resistance. Electrostatic Voltmeters-electrometer type and attracted disc type – extension of range of E.S. Voltmeters.

UNIT-II:**POTENTIOMETERS & INSTRUMENT TRANSFORMERS**

Principle and operation of D.C. Crompton's potentiometer – standardization – Measurement of unknown resistance, current, voltage. A.C. Potentiometers: polar and coordinate type's standardization – applications. CT and PT – Ratio and phase angle errors

UNIT-III:**MEASUREMENT OF POWER & ENERGY**

Single phase dynamometer wattmeter, LPF and UPF, Double element and three element dynamometer wattmeter, expression for deflecting and control torques – Extension of range of wattmeter using instrument transformers – Measurement of active and reactive powers in balanced and unbalanced systems.

Single phase induction type energy meter – driving and braking torques – errors and compensations – testing by phantom loading using R.S.S. meter. Three phase energy meter – tri-vector meter, maximum demand meters.

UNIT-IV:**DC & AC BRIDGES**

Method of measuring low, medium and high resistance – sensitivity of Wheat-stone's bridge – Carey Foster's bridge, Kelvin's double bridge for measuring low resistance, measurement of high resistance – loss of charge method.

Measurement of inductance- Maxwell's bridge, Hay's bridge, Anderson's bridge - Owen's bridge. Measurement of capacitance and loss angle –Desaunty's Bridge - Wien's bridge – Schering Bridge.

UNIT-V:**TRANSDUCERS**

Definition of transducers, Classification of transducers, Advantages of Electrical transducers, Characteristics and choice of transducers; Principle operation of LVDT and capacitor transducers; LVDT Applications, Strain gauge and its principle of operation, gauge factor, Thermistors, Thermocouples, Piezo electric transducers, photovoltaic, photo conductive cells, and photo diodes.

INTRODUCTION TO SMART AND DIGITAL METERING: Digital Multi-meter, True RMS meters, Clamp-on meters, Digital Energy Meter, Digital Storage Oscilloscope.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. G. K. Banerjee, "Electrical and Electronic Measurements", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2nd Edition, 2016
2. S. C. Bhargava, "Electrical Measuring Instruments and Measurements", BS Publications, 2012.

REFERENCES:

1. A. K. Sawhney, "Electrical & Electronic Measurement & Instruments", Dhanpat Rai & Co. Publications, 2005.
2. R. K. Rajput, "Electrical & Electronic Measurement & Instrumentation", S. Chand and Company Ltd., 2007.
3. Buckingham and Price, "Electrical Measurements", Prentice – Hall, 1988.
4. Reissland, M. U, "Electrical Measurements: Fundamentals, Concepts, Applications", New Age International (P) Limited Publishers, 1st Edition 2010.
5. E.W. Golding and F. C. Widdis, "Electrical Measurements and measuring Instruments", fifth Edition, Wheeler Publishing, 2011.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**II Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem**

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ANALOG ELECTRONICS**Prerequisite: -****Course Objectives:**

- To introduce components such as diodes, BJTs and FETs their switching characteristics, applications
- Learn the concepts of high frequency analysis of transistors.
- To give understanding of various types of basic and feedback amplifier circuits such as small signal, cascaded, large signal and tuned amplifiers.
- To introduce the basic building blocks of linear integrated circuits.
- To introduce the concepts of waveform generation and introduce some special function ICs.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- Know the characteristics, utilization of various components.
- Understand the biasing techniques
- Design and analyze various rectifiers, small signal amplifier circuits.
- Design sinusoidal and non-sinusoidal oscillators.
- A thorough understanding, functioning of OP-AMP, designs OP-AMP based circuits with linear integrated circuits.

UNIT-I:**DIODE AND BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR CIRCUITS**

P-N junction diode, I-V characteristics of a diode; review of half-wave and full-wave rectifiers, clamping and clipping circuits. Input output characteristics of BJT in CB, CE, CC configurations, biasing circuits, Load line analysis, common-emitter, common-base and common collector amplifiers; Small signal equivalent circuits,

UNIT-II:**FET CIRCUITS**

FET Structure and VI Characteristics, MOSFET structure and I-V characteristics. MOSFET as a switch. small signal equivalent circuits - gain, input and output impedances, small-signal model and common-source, common-gate and common-drain amplifiers, trans conductance, high frequency equivalent circuit.

UNIT-III:**MULTI-STAGE AND POWER AMPLIFIERS**

Direct coupled and RC Coupled multi-stage amplifiers; Differential Amplifiers, Power amplifiers - Class A, Class B, Class C

UNIT-IV:

FEEDBACK AMPLIFIERS: Concepts of feedback – Classification of feedback amplifiers – General characteristics of Negative feedback amplifiers – Effect of Feedback on Amplifier characteristics – Voltage series, Voltage shunt, Current series and Current shunt Feedback configurations – Simple problems.

OSCILLATORS: Condition for Oscillations, RC type Oscillators-RC phase shift and Wien-bridge Oscillators, LC type Oscillators –Generalized analysis of LC Oscillators, Hartley and Colpitts Oscillators.

UNIT-V:**OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS**

Ideal op-amp, Output offset voltage, input bias current, input offset current, slew rate, gain bandwidth product, Inverting and non-inverting amplifier, Differentiator, integrator, Square-wave and triangular- wave generators.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Integrated Electronics, Jacob Millman, Christos C Halkias, McGraw Hill Education, 2nd edition 2010
2. Op-Amps & Linear ICs – Ramakanth A. Gayakwad, PHI, 2003.

REFERENCES:

1. Electronic Devices Conventional and current version -Thomas L. Floyd 2015, pearson.
2. J. Millman and A. Grabel, "Microelectronics", McGraw Hill Education, 1988.
3. P. Horowitz and W. Hill, "The Art of Electronics", Cambridge University Press, 1989.
4. P. R. Gray, R. G. Meyer and S. Lewis, "Analysis and Design of Analog Integrated Circuits", JohnWiley & Sons, 2001.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**II Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem**

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ELECTRICAL MACHINES-I**Prerequisite:** Network Analysis**Course Objectives:**

- To study and understand different types of DC generators, Motors and Transformers, their construction, operation and applications.
- To analyze performance aspects of various testing methods.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- Identify different parts of a DC machine & understand its operation
- Carry out different testing methods to predetermine the efficiency of DC machines
- Understand different excitation and starting methods of DC machines
- Control the voltage and speed of a DC machines
- Analyze single phase and three phase transformers circuits.

UNIT-I:**D.C. GENERATORS**

Principle of operation – Action of commutator – constructional features – armature windings – lap and wave windings – simplex and multiplex windings – use of laminated armature – E. M.F Equation.

Armature reaction – Cross magnetizing and de-magnetizing AT/pole – compensating winding – commutation – reactance voltage – methods of improving commutation.

Methods of Excitation – separately excited and self excited generators – build-up of E.M.F - critical field resistance and critical speed - causes for failure to self excited and remedial measures. Load characteristics and applications of shunt, series and compound generators.

UNIT-II:**D.C MOTORS**

Principle of operation – Back E.M.F. - Torque equation – characteristics and application of shunt, series and compound motors – Armature reaction and commutation.

Speed control of D.C. Motors - Armature voltage and field flux control methods.

Motor starters (3 point and 4 point starters) Testing of D.C. machines - Losses – Constant & Variable losses – calculation of efficiency – condition for maximum efficiency.

UNIT-III:**TESTING OF DC MACHINES**

Methods of Testing – direct, indirect, and regenerative testing – Brake test – Swinburne's test – Hopkinson's test – Field's test - separation of stray losses in a D.C. motor test.

UNIT-IV:**SINGLE PHASE TRANSFORMERS**

Types - constructional details-minimization of hysteresis and eddy current losses- EMF equation - operation on no load and on load - phasor diagrams and Applications.

Equivalent circuit - losses and efficiency – regulation - All day efficiency - effect of variations of frequency & supply voltage on iron losses.

UNIT-V:**TESTING OF TRANSFORMERS AND POLY-PHASE TRANSFORMERS**

Open Circuit and Short Circuit tests - Sumpner's test - predetermination of efficiency and regulation-separation of losses test-parallel operation with equal and unequal voltage ratios - auto transformers-equivalent circuit - comparison with two winding transformers.

Poly-phase transformers – Poly-phase connections - Y/Y, Y/ Δ , Δ /Y, Δ / Δ and open Δ and Applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. A. E. Fitzgerald and C. Kingsley, "Electric Machinery", New York, McGraw Hill Education, 2013.
2. A. E. Clayton and N. N. Hancock, "Performance and design of DC machines", CBS Publishers, 2004.

REFERENCES:

1. M. G. Say, "Performance and design of AC machines", CBS Publishers, 2002.
2. P. S. Bimbhra, "Electrical Machinery", Khanna Publishers, 2011.
3. I. J. Nagrath and D. P. Kothari, "Electric Machines", McGraw Hill Education, 2010.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**II Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem**

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ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS**Prerequisite:** Applied and Multivariable Calculus & Applied Physics**Course Objectives:**

- To introduce the concepts of electric field and magnetic field.
- Applications of electric and magnetic fields in the development of the theory for power transmission lines and electrical machines.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- Understand the basic laws of electromagnetism.
- Obtain the electric and magnetic fields for simple configurations under static conditions.
- Analyze time varying electric and magnetic fields.
- Understand Maxwell's equation in different forms and different media.
- Understand the propagation of EM waves.

UNIT-I:**STATIC ELECTRIC FIELD**

Review of conversion of a vector from one coordinate system to another coordinate system, Coulomb's law, Electric field intensity, Electrical field due to point charges. Line, Surface and Volume charge distributions. Gauss law and its applications. Absolute Electric potential, potential difference, Calculation of potential differences for different configurations. Electric dipole, Electrostatic Energy and Energy density.

UNIT-II:**CONDUCTORS, DIELECTRICS AND CAPACITANCE**

Current and current density, Ohms Law in Point form, Continuity equation, Boundary conditions of conductors and dielectric materials. Capacitance, Capacitance of a two wire line, Poisson's equation, Laplace's equation, Solution of Laplace and Poisson's equation.

UNIT-III:**STATIC MAGNETIC FIELDS AND MAGNETIC FORCES**

Biot-Savart Law, Ampere Law, Magnetic flux and magnetic flux density, Scalar and Vector Magnetic potentials. Steady magnetic fields produced by current carrying conductors.

Force on a moving charge, Force on a differential current element, Force between differential current elements, Magnetic boundary conditions, Magnetic circuits, Self inductances and mutual inductances.

UNIT-IV:**TIME VARYING FIELDS AND MAXWELL'S EQUATIONS**

Faraday's law for Electromagnetic induction, Displacement current, Point form of Maxwell's equation, Integral form of Maxwell's equations, Motional Electromotive forces.

UNIT-V:**ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES**

Derivation of Wave Equation, Uniform Plane Waves, Maxwell's equation in Phasor form, Wave equation in Phasor form, Plane wave in free space and in a homogenous material. Wave equation for a conducting medium, Plane waves in lossy dielectrics, Propagation in good conductors. Poynting theorem.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. M. N. O. Sadiku, "Elements of Electromagnetics", Oxford University Publication, 2014.
2. W. Hayt, "Engineering Electromagnetics", McGraw Hill Education, 2012.

REFERENCES:

1. A. Pramanik, "Electromagnetism-Problems with solution", Prentice Hall India, 2012.
2. G. W. Carter, "The electromagnetic field in its engineering aspects", Longmans, 1954.
3. W. J. Duffin, "Electricity and Magnetism", McGraw Hill Publication, 1980.
4. W. J. Duffin, "Advanced Electricity and Magnetism", McGraw Hill, 1968.
5. E. G. Cullwick, "The Fundamentals of Electromagnetism", Cambridge University Press, 1966.
6. B. D. Popovic, "Introductory Engineering Electromagnetics", Addison-Wesley Educational Publishers, International Edition, 1971.
7. A. Pramanik, "Electromagnetism - Theory and applications", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2009.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**II Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem**

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ELECTRICAL MACHINES LAB– I**Prerequisite:** Electrical Machines-I**Course Objectives:**

- To expose the students to the operation of DC Generator
- To expose the students to the operation of DC Motor.
- To examine the self-excitation in DC generators.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of this lab the students will be able to

- Start and control the Different DC Machines.
- Assess the performance of different machines using different testing methods
- Identify different conditions required to be satisfied for self - excitation of DC Generators.
- Separate iron losses of DC machines into different components

The following experiments are required to be conducted compulsory experiments:

1. Magnetization characteristics of DC shunt generator (Determination of critical field resistance and critical speed)
2. Load test on DC shunt generator (Determination of characteristics)
3. Load test on DC series generator (Determination of characteristics)
4. Hopkinson's test on DC shunt machines (Predetermination of efficiency)
5. Swinburne's test and speed control of DC shunt motor (Predetermination of efficiencies)
6. Brake test on DC compound motor (Determination of performance curves)
7. OC and SC Test on Single Phase Transformer
8. Three Phase Transformer: Verification of Relationship between Voltages and Currents (Star-Delta, Delta-Delta, Delta-star, Star-Star)

In addition to the above eight experiments, at least any two of the experiments from the following list are required to be conducted:

9. Brake test on DC shunt motor (Determination of performance curves)
10. Load test on DC compound generator (Determination of characteristics).
11. Fields test on DC series machines (Determination of efficiency)
12. Retardation test on DC shunt motor (Determination of losses at rated speed)
13. Separation of losses in DC shunt motor.
14. Measurement of Voltage, Current and Real Power in primary and Secondary Circuits of a Single-Phase Transformer
15. Load Test on Single Phase Transformer (Calculate Efficiency and Regulation)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. A. E. Fitzgerald and C. Kingsley, "Electric Machinery", New York, McGraw Hill Education, 2013.
2. A. E. Clayton and N. N. Hancock, "Performance and design of DC machines", CBS Publishers, 2004.

REFERENCES:

1. M. G. Say, "Performance and design of AC machines", CBS Publishers, 2002.
2. P. S. Bimbhra, "Electrical Machinery", Khanna Publishers, 2011.
3. I. J. Nagrath and D. P. Kothari, "Electric Machines", McGraw Hill Education, 2010.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**II Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem**

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ANALOG ELECTRONICS LAB**Prerequisite:** Analog Electronics**Course Objectives:**

- To introduce components such as diodes, BJTs and FETs their switching characteristics, applications
- Learn the concepts of high frequency analysis of transistors.
- To give understanding of various types of basic and feedback amplifier circuits such as small signal, cascaded, large signal and tuned amplifiers.
- To introduce the basic building blocks of linear integrated circuits.
- To introduce the concepts of waveform generation and introduce some special function ICs.

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, students will demonstrate the ability to

- Know the characteristics, utilization of various components.
- Understand the biasing techniques
- Design and analyze various rectifiers, small signal amplifier circuits.
- Design sinusoidal and non-sinusoidal oscillators.
- A thorough understanding, functioning of OP-AMP, design OP-AMP based circuits with linear integrated circuits.

List of Experiments:

1. Draw the VI Characteristics of given PN Junction diode. Determine the Static and Dynamic resistance the Diode.
 2. Determine the Ripple factor, %Regulation PIV and TUF of the given Rectifier with & without filter.
 3. Obtain the I/O Characteristics of CE configurations of BJT. Calculate h-parameters from the Characteristics.
 4. Obtain the I/O Characteristics of CB configurations of BJT. Calculate h-parameters from the Characteristics.
 5. Obtain the I/O Characteristics of CC configurations of BJT. Calculate h-parameters from the Characteristics.
 6. Obtain the Drain and Transfer characteristics of CD, CS configuration of JFET. Calculate g_m , r_d from the Characteristics Adder and Subtractor using Op Amp.
 7. Inverting and Non-inverting Amplifiers using Op Amps
 8. Adder and Subtractor using Op Amp
 9. Integrator Circuit using IC 741.
 10. Differentiator circuit using Op Amp.
 11. Current Shunt Feedback amplifier
 12. Design an RC phase shift oscillator circuit and derive the gain condition for oscillations practically for given frequency.
 13. Design a Colpitts oscillator circuit for the given frequency and draw the output waveform.
 14. Design transformer coupled class A power amplifier and draw the input and output waveforms, find its efficiency
- Experiments related to MOSFET may be included

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**II Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem**

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MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION LAB**Pre-requisite:** Measurements and Instrumentation**Course Objectives:**

- To calibrate LPF Watt Meter, energy meter, P. F Meter using electro dynamo meter type instrument as the standard instrument
- To determine unknown inductance, resistance, capacitance by performing experiments on D.C Bridges & A. C Bridges
- To determine three phase active & reactive powers using single wattmeter method practically
- To determine the ratio and phase angle errors of current transformer and potential transformer.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of this lab the students will be able to

- Choose instruments
- Test any instrument
- Find the accuracy of any instrument by performing experiment
- Calibrate PMMC instrument using D.C potentiometer

The following experiments are required to be conducted as compulsory experiments

1. Calibration and testing of single-phase energy Meter.
2. Calibration LPF wattmeter – by Phantom testing.
3. Calibration of dynamometer power factor meter.
4. Crompton D.C. Potentiometer – Calibration of PMMC ammeter and PMMC voltmeter.
5. Kelvin's double Bridge – Measurement of resistance – Determination of Tolerance.
6. Schering Bridge & Anderson Bridge.
7. Measurement of 3-phase power with single watt meter and two CTs
8. C.T. and P.T. testing- Measurement of ratio error and phase angle error.

In addition to the above eight experiments, at least any two of the experiments from the following list are required to be conducted

9. Measurement of 3 - Phase reactive power with single-phase wattmeter.
10. Measurement of displacement with the help of LVDT.
11. Dielectric oil testing using H.T. testing Kit.
12. Resistance strain gauge – strain measurements and Calibration.
13. Transformer turns ratio measurement using AC bridges.
14. Self and Mutual Inductance using Epstein Square method.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. G. K. Banerjee, "Electrical and Electronic Measurements", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2nd Edition, 2016
2. S. C. Bhargava, "Electrical Measuring Instruments and Measurements", BS Publications, 2012.

REFERENCES:

1. A. K. Sawhney, "Electrical & Electronic Measurement & Instruments", Dhanpat Rai & Co. Publications, 2005.
2. R. K. Rajput, "Electrical & Electronic Measurement & Instrumentation", S. Chand and Company Ltd., 2007.
3. Buckingham and Price, "Electrical Measurements", Prentice – Hall, 1988.
4. Reissland, M. U, "Electrical Measurements: Fundamentals, Concepts, Applications", New Age International (P) Limited Publishers, 1st Edition 2010.
5. E.W. Golding and F. C. Widdis, "Electrical Measurements and measuring Instruments", fifth Edition, Wheeler Publishing, 2011.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**II Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem**

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CONSTITUTION OF INDIA**Course Objectives:**

Students will be able to:

- Understand the premises informing the twin themes of liberty and freedom from a civil rights perspective.
- To address the growth of Indian opinion regarding modern Indian intellectuals' constitutional role and entitlement to civil and economic rights as well as the emergence of nationhood in the early years of Indian nationalism.
- To address the role of socialism in India after the commencement of the Bolshevik Revolution in 1917 and its impact on the initial drafting of the Indian Constitution.

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to:

- Discuss the growth of the demand for civil rights in India for the bulk of Indians before the arrival of Gandhi in Indian politics.
- Discuss the intellectual origins of the framework of argument that informed the conceptualization of social reforms leading to revolution in India.
- Discuss the circumstances surrounding the foundation of the Congress Socialist Party [CSP] under the leadership of Jawaharlal Nehru and the eventual failure of the proposal of direct elections through adult suffrage in the Indian Constitution
- Discuss the passage of the Hindu Code Bill of 1956.

UNIT-I:

History of Making of the Indian Constitution- History of Drafting Committee - Philosophy of the Indian Constitution- Preamble Salient Features

UNIT-II:

Contours of Constitutional Rights & Duties - Fundamental Rights

- Right to Equality
- Right to Freedom
- Right against Exploitation
- Right to Freedom of Religion
- Cultural and Educational Rights
- Right to Constitutional Remedies
- Directive Principles of State Policy
- Fundamental Duties.

UNIT-III:

Organs of Governance: Parliament, Composition, Qualifications and Disqualifications, Powers and Functions, Executive, President, Governor, Council of Ministers, Judiciary, Appointment and Transfer of Judges, Qualifications, Powers and Functions

UNIT-IV:

Local Administration: District's Administration head: Role and Importance, Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative, CEO of Municipal Corporation. Panchayat raj: Introduction, PRI: Zila Panchayat. Elected officials and their roles, CEO ZilaPanchayat: Position and role. Block level: Organizational Hierarchy (Different departments), Village level: Role of Elected and Appointed officials, Importance of grass root democracy

UNIT-V:

Election Commission: Election Commission: Role and Functioning. Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners. State Election Commission: Role and Functioning. Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women.

SUGGESTED READING:

1. The Constitution of India, 1950 (Bare Act), Government Publication.
2. Dr. S. N. Busi, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution, 1st Edition, 2015.
3. M. P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis, 2014.
4. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**II Year B.Tech. EEE II-Sem**

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NUMERICAL METHODS AND COMPLEX VARIABLES**Pre-requisites:** Mathematics courses of first year of study.**Objectives:** To learn

- Concept, properties of Laplace transforms
- Solving ordinary differential equations using Laplace transforms techniques.
- Various methods to find roots of an equation.
- Concept of finite differences and to estimate the value for the given data using interpolation.
- Evaluation of integrals using numerical techniques
- Solving ordinary differential equations using numerical techniques.
- Differentiation and integration of complex valued functions.
- Evaluation of integrals using Cauchy's integral formula and Cauchy's residue theorem.
- Expansion of complex functions using Taylor's and Laurent's series.

Course outcomes:

After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Use the Laplace transforms techniques for solving ODE's
- Find the root of a given equation.
- Estimate the value for the given data using interpolation
- Find the numerical solutions for a given ODE's
- Analyze the complex function with reference to their analyticity, integration using Cauchy's integral and residue theorems
- Taylor's and Laurent's series expansions of complex function

UNIT-I:**LAPLACE TRANSFORMS**

Laplace Transforms; Laplace Transform of standard functions; first shifting theorem; Laplace transforms of functions when they are multiplied and divided by 't'. Laplace transforms of derivatives and integrals of function; Evaluation of integrals by Laplace transforms; Laplace transform of periodic functions.

Inverse Laplace transform by different methods, convolution theorem (without Proof), solving ODEs by Laplace Transform method.

UNIT-II:**NUMERICAL METHODS-I**

Solution of polynomial and transcendental equations – Bisection method, Iteration Method, Newton-Raphson method and Regula-Falsi method.

Finite differences- forward differences- backward differences-central differences-symbolic relations and separation of symbols; Interpolation using Newton's forward and backward difference formulae. Central difference interpolation: Gauss's forward and backward formulae; Lagrange's method of interpolation

UNIT-III:**NUMERICAL METHODS-II**

Numerical integration: Trapezoidal rule and Simpson's 1/3rd and 3/8 rules.

Ordinary differential equations: Taylor's series; Picard's method; Euler and modified Euler's methods; Runge-Kutta method of fourth order.

UNIT-IV:**COMPLEX VARIABLES (DIFFERENTIATION)**

Limit, Continuity and Differentiation of Complex functions. Cauchy-Riemann equations (without proof), Milne-Thomson methods, analytic functions, harmonic functions, finding harmonic conjugate; elementary analytic functions (exponential, trigonometric, logarithm) and their properties. (All theorems without Proofs)

UNIT-V:**COMPLEX VARIABLES (INTEGRATION)**

Line integrals, Cauchy's theorem, Cauchy's Integral formula, Liouville's theorem, Maximum-Modulus theorem; zeros of analytic functions, singularities, Taylor's series, Laurent's series; Residues, Cauchy Residue theorem (All theorems without proof);

TEXT BOOKS:

1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010.
2. S.S. Sastry, Introductory methods of numerical analysis, PHI, 4th Edition, 2005.
3. J. W. Brown and R. V. Churchill, Complex Variables and Applications, 7th Ed., Mc-Graw Hill, 2004.

REFERENCES:

1. M. K. Jain, SRK Iyengar, R.K. Jain, Numerical methods for Scientific and Engineering Computations, New Age International publishers.
2. Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**II Year B.Tech. EEE II-Sem**

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ELECTRICAL MACHINES – II**Prerequisite:** Network Analysis, Electrical Machines-I**Course Objectives:**

- To deal with the detailed analysis of poly-phase induction motors & Alternators
- To understand operation, construction and types of single-phase motors and their applications in house hold appliances and control systems.
- To introduce the concept of parallel operation of alternators
- To introduce the concept of regulation and its calculations.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- Understand the concepts of rotating magnetic fields.
- Understand the operation of ac machines.
- Analyze performance characteristics of ac machines.

UNIT-I:**POLY-PHASE INDUCTION MACHINES**

Constructional details of cage and wound rotor machines-production of a rotating magnetic field - principle of operation - rotor EMF and rotor frequency - rotor reactance, rotor current and Power factor at standstill and during operation.

UNIT-II:**CHARACTERISTICS OF INDUCTION MACHINES**

Rotor power input, rotor copper loss and mechanical power developed and their inter relation-torque equation-deduction from torque equation - expressions for maximum torque and starting torque - torque slip characteristic - equivalent circuit - phasor diagram - crawling and cogging –

No-load Test and Blocked rotor test –Predetermination of performance-Methods of starting and starting current and Torque calculations, Applications.

Speed Control Methods: Change of voltage, change of frequency, voltage/frequency, injection of an EMF into rotor circuit (qualitative treatment only)-induction generator-principle of operation.

UNIT-III:**SYNCHRONOUS MACHINES**

Constructional Features of round rotor and salient pole machines – Armature windings – Integral slot and fractional slot windings; Distributed and concentrated windings – distribution, pitch and winding factors – E.M.F Equation. Harmonics in generated e.m.f. – suppression of harmonics – armature reaction - leakage reactance – synchronous reactance and impedance – experimental determination - phasor diagram – load characteristics.

Regulation by synchronous impedance method, M.M.F. method, Z.P.F. method and A.S.A. methods – salient pole alternators – two reaction analysis – experimental determination of X_d and X_q (Slip test) Phasor diagrams – Regulation of salient pole alternators.

UNIT-IV:**PARALLEL OPERATION OF SYNCHRONOUS MACHINES**

Synchronizing alternators with infinite bus bars – synchronizing power torque – parallel operation and load sharing - Effect of change of excitation and mechanical power input. Analysis of short circuit current wave form – determination of sub-transient, transient and steady state reactance's and Applications.

Synchronous Motors: Theory of operation – phasor diagram – Variation of current and power factor with excitation – synchronous condenser – Mathematical analysis for power developed. - hunting and its suppression – Methods of starting – synchronous induction motor.

UNIT-V:

SINGLE PHASE & SPECIAL MACHINES

Single phase induction motor – Constructional Features-Double revolving field theory – split-phase motors – shaded pole motor and Applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. A. E. Fitzgerald and C. Kingsley, "Electric Machinery", McGraw Hill Education, 2013.
2. M. G. Say, "Performance and design of AC machines", CBS Publishers, 2002.

REFERENCES:

1. P. S. Bimbhra, "Electrical Machinery", Khanna Publishers, 2011.
2. I. J. Nagrath and D. P. Kothari, "Electric Machines", McGraw Hill Education, 2010.
3. A. S. Langsdorf, "Alternating current machines", McGraw Hill Education, 1984.
4. P. C. Sen, "Principles of Electric Machines and Power Electronics", John Wiley & Sons, 2007.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**II Year B.Tech. EEE II-Sem**

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3	0	0	3

DIGITAL ELECTRONICS**Prerequisite:** Analog Electronics**Course Objectives:**

- To learn basic techniques for the design of digital circuits and fundamental concepts used in the design of digital systems.
- To understand common forms of number representation in digital electronic circuits and to be able to convert between different representations.
- To implement and design logical operations using combinational logic circuits and sequential logic circuits
- To impart to student the concepts of sequential circuits, enabling them to analyze sequential systems in terms of state machines.
- To implement synchronous state machines using flip-flops.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- Understand working of logic families and logic gates.
- Design and implement Combinational and Sequential logic circuits.
- Understand the process of Analog to Digital conversion and Digital to Analog conversion.
- Be able to use PLDs to implement the given logical problem.

UNIT-I:**FUNDAMENTALS OF DIGITAL SYSTEMS AND LOGIC FAMILIES**

Digital signals, digital circuits, AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR and Exclusive-OR operations, Boolean algebra, examples of IC gates, number systems-binary, signed binary, octal hexadecimal number, binary arithmetic, one's and two's complements arithmetic, codes, error detecting and correcting codes, characteristics of digital ICs, digital logic families, TTL, Schottky TTL and CMOS logic, interfacing CMOS and TTL, Tri-state logic.

UNIT-II:**COMBINATIONAL DIGITAL CIRCUITS**

Standard representation for logic functions, K-map representation, and simplification of logic functions using K-map, minimization of logical functions. Don't care conditions, Multiplexer, De-Multiplexer/Decoders, Adders, Subtractors, BCD arithmetic, carry look ahead adder, serial ladder, ALU, elementary ALU design, popular MSI chips, digital comparator, parity checker/generator, code converters, priority encoders, decoders/drivers for display devices, Q-M method of function realization.

UNIT-III:**SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS-I**

A 1-bit memory, the circuit properties of Bi-stable latch, the clocked SR flip flop, J- K-T and D types flip-flops, applications of flip-flops, shift registers, applications of shift registers, serial to parallel converter, D/A and A/D Converters.

UNIT-IV:**SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS-II**

Converters, parallel to serial converter, ring counter, sequence generator, ripple (Asynchronous) counters, synchronous counters, counters design using flip flops, special counter IC's, asynchronous sequential counters, applications of counters.

UNIT-V:**SEMICONDUCTOR MEMORIES AND PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC DEVICES**

Memory organization and operation, expanding memory size, classification and characteristics of memories, sequential memory, read-only memory (ROM), read and write memory (RAM), content addressable memory (CAM), charge de coupled device memory (CCD), commonly used memory chips, ROM as a PLD, Programmable logic array, Programmable array logic, complex Programmable logic devices (CPLDS), Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA).

TEXT BOOKS:

1. R. P. Jain, "Modern Digital Electronics", McGraw Hill Education, 2009.
2. M. M. Mano, "Digital logic and Computer design", Pearson Education India, 2016.

REFERENCES:

1. A. Kumar, "Fundamentals of Digital Circuits", Prentice Hall India, 2016.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**II Year B.Tech. EEE II-Sem**

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CONTROL SYSTEMS

Prerequisite: Matrix Algebra and Calculus, Applied and Multivariable Calculus, Numerical Methods and Complex Variables, Fundamental physical laws

Course objectives:

- To understand the mathematical modeling of physical systems like Mechanical, Electrical, etc. using fundamental physical laws.
- To understand the representation of dynamical systems in the form of input-output models as transfer function and in the form state space models.
- To understand the analysis of standard dynamical systems this includes performance and stability in time domain and frequency domain.
- To understand the design aspect of Controllers/Compensator for improvement of performance and stability of dynamical systems.
- Understanding the state variable approach for analysis and feedback controllers' design

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- Find the mathematical Model of physical systems using fundamental physical laws.
- Find the transfer function and state-space form of linear time invariant dynamical systems.
- Analyze the performance and stability of linear time invariant systems in time domain and frequency domain.
- Design of classical Controllers/Compensators for improvement of performance//stability of linear time invariant systems.
- Generalized approach for Analysis of dynamical systems through state variable method and design of state feedback controllers

UNT-I:**MODELING OF PHYSICAL SYSTEMS AND THEIR REPRESENTATIONS**

Industrial and domestic Control examples. Mathematical modeling of physical systems: Mechanical and Electrical Systems, Concept of Control Systems Configurations: Open – loop and Closed loop Systems, Introduction to types of Systems: Linear, Non-Linear, Time Varying and Time Invariant. Representation of Linear time-invariant Systems through Input-output Models: Transfer function, Block-diagram Techniques, Signal flow graph. Concept of Feedback Control, Benefits of Feedback and Effects of feedback. Controller Components: DC Servo motors, AC Servomotors, Synchros.

UNT-II:**TIME – DOMAIN ANALYSIS WITH INPUT-OUTPUT MODELS**

Time response of first and second order systems for standard test inputs. Analysis of standard Second order systems with step input, Types of System, Error Analysis for Linear time Invariant Systems, Design specifications for second-order systems based on the time-response.

Concept of Stability. Routh-Hurwitz Criteria. Relative Stability analysis. Root-Locus technique. Construction of Root-loci.

UNT-III:**FREQUENCY DOMAIN ANALYSIS**

Introduction to frequency response, Relationship between time and frequency response, Polar plots, Nyquist stability criterion. Relative stability using Nyquist criterion – gain and phase margin. Concept of Bode plots and construction. Closed-loop frequency response.

UNT-IV:**INTRODUCTION TO DESIGN OF CLASSICAL CONTROLLERS AND COMPENSATORS**

Stability, steady-state accuracy, transient accuracy, disturbance rejection, insensitivity and robustness of control systems. Root-loci method of feedback controller design. Design specifications in frequency-domain. Frequency-domain methods of design. Application of Proportional, Integral and Derivative Controllers, Lead and Lag compensation in designs. Analog and Digital implementation of controllers.

UNT-V:**STATE VARIABLE ANALYSIS AND DESIGN**

Concept of State, State variables and State model. State – State Representation, Transformation of State variables, Solution of state equations and Complete response of the Systems. Stability Analysis of Linear Systems. Concept of controllability and observability. Design of State feedback Controllers through Pole-placement.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. M. Gopal, “Control Systems: Principles and Design”, McGraw Hill Education, 1997.
2. B. C. Kuo, “Automatic Control System”, Prentice Hall, 1995.

REFERENCES:

1. K. Ogata, “Modern Control Engineering”, Prentice Hall, 1991.
2. I. J. Nagrath and M. Gopal, “Control Systems Engineering”, New Age International, 2009.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**II Year B.Tech. EEE II-Sem**

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POWER SYSTEM-I**Prerequisite:** Network Analysis, Electrical Machines-I, Electrical Machines-II**Course Objectives:**

- To understand the different types of power generating stations.
- To illustrate the economic aspects of power generation and tariff methods.
- To evaluate the transmission line parameters calculations
- To understand overhead line insulators and the concepts of substations
- To examine A.C. and D.C. distribution systems.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- Understand the operation of conventional generating stations and renewable sources of electrical power.
- Evaluate the power tariff methods.
- Determine the electrical circuit parameters of transmission lines.
- Analyze the operations air insulated and gas Insulated substations.
- Know the operation of various distribution systems.

UNIT-I:**GENERATION OF ELECTRIC POWER****Conventional Sources (Qualitative):**

Hydro station, Steam Power Plant, Nuclear Power Plant and Gas Turbine Plant.

Non-Conventional Sources (Elementary Treatment):

Solar Energy, Wind Energy, Fuel Cells, Ocean Energy, Tidal Energy, Wave Energy, Cogeneration, Energy conservation and storage.

UNIT-II:**ECONOMICS OF GENERATION**

Introduction, definitions of connected load, maximum demand, demand factor, load factor, diversity factor, Load duration curve, number and size of generator units. Base load and peak load plants.

Cost of electrical energy-fixed cost, running cost, Tariff on charge to customer.

UNIT-III:**INDUCTANCE & CAPACITANCE CALCULATIONS OF TRANSMISSION LINES**

Line conductors, inductance and capacitance of single phase and three phase lines with symmetrical and unsymmetrical spacing, Composite conductors-transposition, bundled conductors, and effect of earth on capacitance, skin and proximity effects.

UNIT-IV:**OVERHEAD LINE INSULATORS**

Introduction, types of insulators, Potential distribution over a string of suspension insulators, Methods of equalizing the potential, testing of insulators.

SUBSTATIONS:**Air insulated substations (AIS)** - Indoor & Outdoor substations: Substations layout showing the location of all the substation equipment. Bus bar arrangements in the Sub-Stations: Simple arrangements like single bus bar, sectionalized single bus bar, main and transfer bus bar system with relevant diagrams.

Gas insulated substations (GIS) – Advantages of Gas insulated substations, different types of gas insulated substations, single line diagram of gas insulated substations, bus bar, construction aspects of GIS, Installation and maintenance of GIS, Comparison of Air insulated substations and Gas insulated substations.

UNIT-V:

A.C. DISTRIBUTION

Introduction, AC distribution, Single phase, 3-phase, 3 phase 4 wire system, bus bar arrangement, Selection of site for substation. Voltage Drop Calculations (Numerical Problems) in A.C. Distributors for the following cases: Power Factors referred to receiving end voltage and with respect to respective load voltages.

DC DISTRIBUTION:

Classification of Distribution Systems. - Comparison of DC vs. AC and Under-Ground vs. Over- Head Distribution Systems. - Requirements and Design features of Distribution Systems. -Voltage Drop Calculations (Numerical Problems) in D.C Distributors for the following cases: Radial D.C Distributor fed one end and at the both the ends (equal/unequal Voltages) and Ring Main Distributor.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. W.D.Stevenson –Elements of Power System Analysis, Fourth Edition, McGraw Hill, 1984.
2. C.L. Wadhwa –Generation, Distribution and Utilization of Electrical Energy, Second Edition, New Age International, 2009.

REFERENCES:

1. C.L. Wadhwa –Electrical Power Systems, Fifth Edition, New Age International, 2009
2. M.V. Deshpande –Elements of Electrical Power Station Design, Third Edition, Wheeler Pub. 1998
3. H.Cotton & H. Barber-The Transmission and Distribution of Electrical Energy, Third “V.K Mehta and Rohit Mehta”, “Principles of Power Systems”, S. Chand & Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2004.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**II Year B.Tech. EEE II-Sem**

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DIGITAL ELECTRONICS LAB**Prerequisite:** Digital Electronics, Analog Electronics**Course Objectives:**

- To learn basic techniques for the design of digital circuits and fundamental concepts used in the design of digital systems.
- To understand common forms of number representation in digital electronic circuits and to be able to convert between different representations.
- To implement and design logical operations using combinational logic circuits and sequential logic circuits
- To impart to student the concepts of sequential circuits, enabling them to analyze sequential systems in terms of state machines.
- To implement synchronous state machines using flip-flops.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- Understand working of logic families and logic gates.
- Design and implement Combinational and Sequential logic circuits.
- Understand the process of Analog to Digital conversion and Digital to Analog conversion.
- Be able to use PLDs to implement the given logical problem.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Realization of Boolean Expressions using Gates
2. Design and realization logic gates using universal gates
3. generation of clock using NAND / NOR gates
4. Design a 4 – bit Adder / Subtractor
5. Design and realization a 4 – bit gray to Binary and Binary to Gray Converter
6. Design and realization of a 4 bit pseudo random sequence generator using logic gates.
7. Design and realization of an 8 bit parallel load and serial out shift register using flip-flops.
8. Design and realization a Synchronous and Asynchronous counters using flip-flops
9. Design and realization of Asynchronous counters using flip-flops
10. Design and realization 8x1 using 2x1 mux
11. Design and realization 2 bit comparator
12. Verification of truth tables and excitation tables
13. Realization of logic gates using DTL, TTL, ECL, etc.,
14. State machines

TEXT BOOKS:

1. R. P. Jain, "Modern Digital Electronics", McGraw Hill Education, 2009.
2. M. M. Mano, "Digital logic and Computer design", Pearson Education India, 2016.

REFERENCES:

1. A. Kumar, "Fundamentals of Digital Circuits", Prentice Hall India, 2016.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**II Year B.Tech. EEE II-Sem**

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ELECTRICAL MACHINES LAB- II**Prerequisite:** Electrical Machines – I & Electrical Machines - II**Course Objectives:**

- To understand the operation of synchronous machines
- To understand the analysis of power angle curve of a synchronous machine
- To understand the equivalent circuit of a single phase transformer and single phase induction motor
- To understand the circle diagram of an induction motor by conducting a blocked rotor test.

Course Outcomes:

After the completion of this lab, the students will be able to

- Assess the performance of different machines using different testing methods
- Convert the Phase from three phase to two phase and vice versa
- Compensate the changes in terminal voltages of synchronous generator after estimating the change by different methods
- Control the active and reactive power flows in synchronous machines
- Start different machines and control the speed and power factor

The following experiments are required to be conducted as compulsory experiments

1. Sumpner's test on a pair of single phase transformers
2. No-load & Blocked rotor tests on three phase Induction motor
3. Regulation of a three –phase alternator by synchronous impedance & m.m.f. methods
4. V and Inverted V curves of a three—phase synchronous motor.
5. Equivalent Circuit of a single phase induction motor
6. Determination of X_d and X_q of a salient pole synchronous machine
7. Load test on three phase Induction Motor
8. Regulation of three-phase alternator by Z.P.F. and A.S.A methods

In addition to the above experiments, at least any two of the following experiments are required to be conducted from the following list

9. Separation of core losses of a single phase transformer
10. Efficiency of a three-phase alternator
11. Parallel operation of Single phase Transformers
12. Heat run test on a bank of 3 Nos. of single phase Delta connected transformers
13. Measurement of sequence impedance of a three-phase alternator.
14. Vector grouping of Three Transformer
15. Scott Connection of transformer

TEXT BOOKS:

1. A. E. Fitzgerald and C. Kingsley, "Electric Machinery", McGraw Hill Education, 2013.
2. M. G. Say, "Performance and design of AC machines", CBS Publishers, 2002.

REFERENCES:

1. P. S. Bimbhra, "Electrical Machinery", Khanna Publishers, 2011.
2. I. J. Nagrath and D. P. Kothari, "Electric Machines", McGraw Hill Education, 2010.
3. A. S. Langsdorf, "Alternating current machines", McGraw Hill Education, 1984.
4. P. C. Sen, "Principles of Electric Machines and Power Electronics", John Wiley & Sons, 2007.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**II Year B.Tech. EEE II-Sem**

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CONTROL SYSTEMS LAB**Prerequisite:** Control Systems**Course Objectives:**

- To understand the different ways of system representations such as Transfer function representation and state space representations and to assess the system dynamic response
- To assess the system performance using time domain analysis and methods for improving it
- To assess the system performance using frequency domain analysis and techniques for improving the performance
- To design various controllers and compensators to improve system performance

Course Outcomes:

After completion of this lab the students will be able to

- Improve the system performance by selecting a suitable controller and/or a compensator for a specific application
- Apply various time domain and frequency domain techniques to assess the system performance
- Apply various control strategies to different applications (example: Power systems, electrical drives etc.)
- Test system controllability and observability using state space representation and applications of state space representation to various systems

The following experiments are required to be conducted compulsory experiments:

1. Time response of Second order system
2. Characteristics of Synchros
3. Programmable logic controller – Study and verification of truth tables of logic gates, simple Boolean expressions, and application of speed control of motor.
4. Effect of feedback on DC servo motor
5. Transfer function of DC motor
6. Transfer function of DC generator
7. Characteristics of AC servo motor
8. Lag and lead compensation – Magnitude and phase plot

In addition to the above eight experiments, at least any two of the experiments from the following list are required to be conducted

9. Temperature controller using PID
10. Effect of P, PD, PI, PID Controller on a second order systems
11. (a) Simulation of P, PI, PID Controller.
(b) Linear system analysis (Time domain analysis, Error analysis) using suitable software
12. Stability analysis (Bode, Root Locus, Nyquist) of Linear Time Invariant system using suitable software
13. State space model for classical transfer function using suitable software -Verification.
14. Design of Lead-Lag compensator for the given system and with specification using suitable software

TEXT BOOKS:

1. M. Gopal, "Control Systems: Principles and Design", McGraw Hill Education, 1997.
2. B. C. Kuo, "Automatic Control System", Prentice Hall, 1995.

REFERENCES:

1. K. Ogata, "Modern Control Engineering", Prentice Hall, 1991.
2. I. J. Nagrath and M. Gopal, "Control Systems Engineering", New Age International, 2009.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD**II Year B.Tech. EEE II-Sem**

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ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE**Pre-Requisites:** Nil**Course Objectives:**

- Creating the awareness about environmental problems among students.
- Imparting basic knowledge about the environment and its allied problems.
- Developing an attitude of concern for the environment.
- Motivating students to participate in environment protection and environment improvement.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, it is expected that students will be able to:

- Identify and analyze environmental problems as well as the risks associated with these problems
- Understand what it is to be a steward in the environment
- Studying how to live their lives in a more sustainable manner

UNIT-I:**MULTIDISCIPLINARY NATURE OF ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES**

Definition, Scope and Importance – Need for Public Awareness.

NATURAL RESOURCES

Renewable and non-renewable resources – Natural resources and associated problems – Forest resources – Use and over – exploitation, deforestation, case studies – Timber extraction – Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people – Water resources – Use and over utilization of surface and ground water – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems - Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies. - Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies. - Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources use of alternate energy sources. Case studies. Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification. Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources. Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

UNIT-II:**ECOSYSTEMS**

Concept of an ecosystem. - Structure and function of an ecosystem. - Producers, consumers and decomposers. - Energy flow in the ecosystem - Ecological succession. - Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids. - Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem: a. Forest ecosystem, b. Grassland ecosystem, c. Desert ecosystem, d. Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

UNIT-III:**BIODIVERSITY AND ITS CONSERVATION**

Introduction - Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity. - Bio-geographical classification of India - Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values - . Biodiversity at global, National and local levels. - . India as a mega-diversity nation - Hot-spots of biodiversity - Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts. - Endangered and endemic species of India – Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

UNIT-IV:**ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION AND CONTROL****Environmental Pollution:** Classification of pollution,**Air Pollution:** Primary and secondary pollutants, Automobile and Industrial pollution, Ambient air quality standards.**Water pollution:** Sources and types of pollution, drinking water quality standards. **Soil Pollution:** Sources and types, Impacts of modern agriculture, degradation of soil.

Noise Pollution: Sources and Health hazards, standards, Solid waste: Municipal Solid Waste management, composition and characteristics of e-Waste and its management. Pollution control technologies: Wastewater Treatment methods: Primary, secondary and Tertiary. Overview of air pollution control technologies, Concepts of bioremediation. Climate change and impacts on human environment. Ozone depletion and Ozone depleting substances (ODS). Deforestation and desertification. International conventions / Protocols: Earth summit, Kyoto protocol, and Montréal Protocol.

UNIT-V:

SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT

From Unsustainable to Sustainable development -Urban problems related to energy -Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management -Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case Studies -Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions. -Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case Studies. -Wasteland reclamation. -Consumerism and waste products. -Environment Protection Act. -Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. -Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act -Wildlife Protection Act -Forest Conservation Act -Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation. -Public awareness.

HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT

Population growth, variation among nations. Population explosion - Family Welfare Programme. -Environment and human health. -Human Rights. -Value Education. -HIV/AIDS. -Women and Child Welfare. -Role of information Technology in Environment and human health. -Case Studies.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by ErachBharucha for University Grants Commission., Universities Press
2. Environmental Studies by R. Rajagopalan, Oxford University Press.

REFERENCES:

1. Textbook of Environmental Sciences and Technology by M. Anji Reddy, BS Publication.